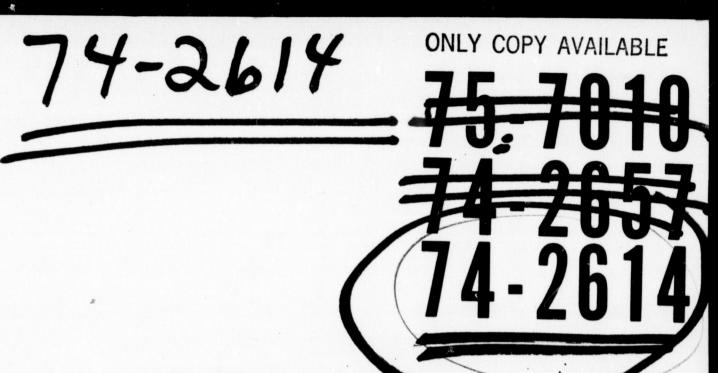
# United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit



**APPENDIX** 



UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEAD FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION,

Plaintiff-Appellant-Appellee

against

GEON INDUSTRIES, INC., et al.,

GEON INDUSTRIES, INC. and GEORGE O. NEUWITH,

Defendants-Appellants

FRANK BLOOM and EDWARDS & HANLY,

Defendant-Appellees



On Appeal from the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York

APPENDIX OF APPELLANT SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

VOLUME II

TRANSCRIPTS

Pages 1 - 218A

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 2 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK 3 4 SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION : 5 - VS -74 CIV 1496 6 GEON CORP., et al. 7 8 9 Before: HON. DUDLEY B. BONSAL, United States District Judge 10 11 17 June, 1974 2:30 p. m. 12 13 Appearances: 14 For The Plaintiff: Wallace L. Timmeny, Esq. Michael Drake, Esq. 15 Michael Perlis, Esq. Richard Rubin, Esq. 16 For Defendants Geon, Inc., Neuwirth and Bloom: 17 JAY E. STRUM, ESQ. 18 For Defendant Rauch: Benjamin Zelermyer, Esq. 19 For Defendant Mc Mahon: Mark Berger, Esq. 20 For Defendant Edwards & Hanley: Evan L. Gordon, Esq. 21 22 23 24

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THE CLERK: Securities and Exchange Commission against Geon Corporation, et al.

THE COURT: All right, is the plaintiff ready?

MR. TIMMENY: Plaintif is ready, Your Honour.

THE COURT: Are the defendants ready?

MR. STRUM: Your Honour, we are ready. I had understood that before we started the hearing this afternoon we could be heard on the subject of a letter that was addressed to Your Honour previously?

THE COURT: You are Mr. --

MR. STRUM: Strum, Your Honour.

THE COURT: You are Mr. Strum. I see a long letter here from Mr. Strum. What is the problem? Is this about subpoenas?

MR. STRUM: Yes, Your Honour.

THE COURT: What is your problem?

MR. STRUM: Well, my problem is this: I would like to direct my attention specifically to four subpoenas to which I most strenuously object.

THE COURT: Subpoenas of who?

MR. STRUM: A subpoena of Joseph G. Connelly, a member of Kaye Schoeler Fierman Hays and Handler; a subpoena to John A. Friedman, also a member of Kaye Schoeler Fierman Hays and Handler; a subpoena to Louis Korman, an associate of Kaye Schoeler Fierman Hays & Handler;

and a subpoena duces tecum to defendant Geon Industries,
Inc. calling for the production of a large number of
documents never heretofore requested or seen by the
Securities & Exchange Commission.

THE COURT: All right. Now, what does the SEC say about that?

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, the subpoena addressed to Messrs. Connelly, Friedman and Korman are merely subpoenaes to arrange for their presence at the hearing, because we think they have relevant evidence, their testimony would be relevant to the substantive issues of this matter. The subpoena duces tecum is also a trial subpoena and calls for the production of a limited number of documents. I think with adequate specificity to be produced here today. They should also be introduced into evidence during the course of the proceeding.

THE COURT: Well, does the subpoena indicate which documents you want?

MR. TIMMENY: It does, your Honor. We are not conversant with each and every document by document. We have asked for a class of documents within a very short period of time.

I'dE COURT: Well now, the only other purpose of these

other subpoenaes is you may want to have these gentlemen available to testify; is that right?

MR. TIMMENY: That's right.

THE COURT: Is there any other problem about that?

MR. STRUM: Yes, there is, your Honor.

THE COURT: What is it?

MR. STRUM: The SEC made a motion for preliminary injunction --

THE COURT: I know they have. That is what I am here for.

MR. STRUM: On May 17th. And I interpret the making of a motion for preliminary injunction as a statement by the SEC that they have evidence which they believe will --

THE COURT: Oh, no, no. I don't follow that.

All they say is they may want to ask some questions of the gentlemen, and I take it that is the thrust of it, and it seems to me a minor matter. I won't ask these fellows to be in the courtroom, but I think if they could be around, they are at Kaye Schoeler; is that right?

MR. STRUM: Well, there is no problem with the physical availability.

THE COURT: I didn't think so. So, if the SEC

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wants them to come down, we can work that out. There is no jury here, there won't be any problem. We will have them come down. And they may not want them to, I don't know. So, just tell them not to worry about it, and if the SEC wants them, they will get a little notice to come on down here and they will ask them some questions.

Is that fair enough?

MR. STRUM: Well, I would like to address myself
to one more point preliminarily, your Honor. I was told
last week that when we arrived in court today certain
transcripts of testimony taken at The American Stock
Exchange of various witnesses would be given to us so
we could duplicate them overnight and have them available.

THE COURT: Who was going to give it to you?

MR. STRUM: The SEC. We asked for them upon their arrival in court and they told us we can't have them.

THE COURT: This was testimony taken at The American Stock Exchange?

MR. STRUM: That is correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: What about that?

MR. STRUM: I was told I could have -- first when we thought that the hearing would be this morning I was told I could have it this morning. Now I was --

THE COURT: Well, wait. What about the testimony at The American Stock Exchange?

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, our approach to the matter would be to turn over the testimony to the defendants for copying this afternoon when they turn over the matters that we are entitled to pursuant to our subpoena. We thought we might work it out on that basis.

THE COURT: I am sure you are going to work it out. I will see that it is worked out. You ought to have a chance to look at that testimony, and they say they are going to give it to you, and there seems to be a failure of communication which so often happens in these cases. Why don't you work it out with counsel this afternoon we reach that?

I would like to get started on this thing and work it out. If you have any trouble, let me know.

MR. TIMMENY: Well, your Honor, we will turn it over at the conclusion of the hearing today.

MR. GORDON: If your Honor please, I'm with the firm of Delson & Gordon, attorneys for Edwards & Hanley, and I, too, have an application to make to the Court.

I forwarded a letter to the Court in which I indicated to them that the Securities & Exchange

Commission had served certain subpoenaes on our client which seek to go far beyond the issues presented to The Court either in the complaint or on the motion papers for preliminary injunction.

By way of illustration, your Honor, they served the subpoena on our "Chief Margin Clerk" asking him for -- and I have the attachment -- any and all documents in your possession or control pertaining to the margin accounts of James McMahon and Louis Maione, including any and all materials sent in accordance with Federal Truth in Lending Regulations, and the date that such items were sent from August 1, 1973 through April 1, 1974.

If your Honor please, this is an afterthought on the Commission's part. In the conversation I was having with them the other day discussing the nature of the testimony to be given they said, by the way, did your client comply with the Federal Truth in Lending Law in connection with these transactions? Maybe we had better find out.

Next thing I know I had a call from my client that there is someone walking around down our principal office with a subpoena for their records on the Federal Truth in Lending Law.

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This is another example of the same kind of thing going on here, they subpoensed a cashier by the name of Mrs. Hauser, they want Mrs. Hauser to give testimony as to whether there was anything wrong in connection with a certain infusion of cash into one of the accounts at issue here. Not the fact that there is or there isn't, but whether there is. Whether it was unusual.

Now, if your Honor please, I object to this. They have also subpoensed all our order tickets on these transactions. I asked them, what do you want order tickets for? They said, we want them to see if they are signed. I said, what difference does that make? I still don't know what difference it makes, but they have now subpoensed all these documents and I object.

THE COURT: All right. What about that?

MR. TIMMENY: Well, your Honor, I think that as to the documents and Mrs. Hauser's testimony, the Court can rule on the relevancy of those matters when they are offered into evidence by the plaintiff. Insofar as the truth in lending provisions, I think that that is relevant, again I think the Court can rule on relevancy if and when we enter it.

THE COURT: I think I can as time goes on. What I think you are worried about is a lot of these people

don't know where they stand; is that right?

MR. GORDON: Pardon me, your Honor? I didn't hear the Court.

THE COURT: Well, let's let it go, then. When these things come up you bring it to my attention.

MR. GORDON: All right, your Honor.

MR. ZELERMYER: If your Honor please, I represent the defendant Marvin Rauch. Defendant Rauch at this time wishes to advise the Court that he wishes to consent to the entry of a permanent injunction embodying the relief sought in the complaint.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, I would like to be heard on that, if you please. We would not join with Mr. Rauch in presenting a consent to the Court. It is our position that Mr. Rauch, if he consents, would have to consent on the basis of findings by the Court to violations.

In other words, we will not enter into a usual consent with him to the effect that we waive findings and let him consent without admitting or denying the allegations.

THE COURT: Well, that again is another of these practical matters. I am glad to have heard from Mr.

Zelermyer on that, and when the time comes all I know now is that he is agreeable to the entry of a reliminary injunction against him.

MR. ZELERMYER: That is correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: And the details of that we can work out. Does that mean that you don't intend to participate at this hearing?

MR. ZELERMEYER: That is exactly right, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I don't blame you.

MR. TIMMENY: That raises a problem, your Honor. We think that Mr. Rauch, unless he consents on the basis of findings --

THE COURT: Well, we can get the findings.

MR. TIMMENY: But we need him here, your HOnor, as a party because we want to put through evidence into the case through Mr. Rauch.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. ZELERMYER: Well, I think, your Honor, you ought to be aware of --

THE COURT: Well, that is right, he will be here as a party, and, is Mr. Rauch here now?

MR. ZELERMYER: Mr. Rauch is here, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well you had better stay with him because the Government wants to put him on the stand.

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MR. TIMMENY: May I make this suggestion, your Honor --

THE COURT: What?

MR. TIMMENY: If Mr. Rauch consents, if the Court could accept his consent on condition that for evidentiary purposes he would be considered a party, then I think we could join in the consent.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I would think he is a party, isn't he?

MR. TIMMENY: I think he could be treated that way, your Honor, yes.

THE COURT: He is one of the defendants here.

MR. ZELERMYER: He is a named defendant, your Honor.

THE COURT: He is a named defendant, and you are asking for a preliminary injunction, and I suppose you filed a complaint and named him as a defendant, I suppose he is a party all right.

MR. TIMMENY: And remains a party after the consent -THE COURT: Yes. But the point is, are you planning
to call Mr. Rauch? When are you going to call him?

MR. TIMMENY: We would call him, your Honor, on our direct case.

THE COURT: Well , when?

MR. TIMMENY: The fourth or fifth witness, your Honor

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I presume that would be sometime tomorrow.

THE COURT: Do you need him today?

MR. TIMMENY: No, your Honor.

MR. ZELERMYER: Perhaps I can save us all some time, because I had advised Mr. Perlis, Mr. Rubin and Mr. Drake last week, I advised them that I intended to counsel Mr. Rauch if called as a witness by the SEC in this proceeding to invoke his privilege against self-incrimination, and I think the Court ought to be aware of that at this time.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. ZELERMYER: Now, if we can save everyone's time --

THE COURT: I am aware if the SEC wants to call him I will have to rule on that at the time, and all I know is the SEC won't reach him this afternoon.

MR. ZELERMYER: Mr. Rauch is trying very hard to earn a living, your Honor. He is here today, and since there is no jury I thought we might be able to put him on today and establish that he will do in fact what I have counseled him to do.

THE COURT: Well, I think we had better do it when the SEC gets ready to call him. All right.

MR. TIMMENY: Your HOnor, one further point on

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behalf of plaintiff. I would to make an application to quash a subpoena served on \_\_\_\_\_\_.

THE COURT: Why do we get into all this morass of preliminary nonsense? I am here to hear this case.

I have got a heavy calendar and I don't want to get into all this business about quashing subpoenaes. Can't we move along?

MR. TIMMENY: Yes, your HOnor. We are prepared to move along.

THE COURT: Who is this gentleman?

MR. BERGER: Your Honor, my name is Mark Berger,

I am the attorney for one of the other defendants, Mr.

McMahon, who consented to a permanent injunction, and

I would like very much to be excused and to have my

client excused. I don't think the SEC will have objection
to that.

THE COURT: Do you have any objection to that?

MR. TIMMENY: No objection, your Honor, as long as he is considered a party on the same basis --

THE COURT: Oh, yes.

MR. TIMMENY: One further point with regard to

Mr. McMahon, your Honor. Mr. Berger has tendered to

us a proposed consent injunction. We have some problems

with the language. We would like to review that before ---

THE COURT: All right, that's fine. I would like you to review it, too.

MR. BERGER: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. We will take care of that when it comes along.

MR. TIMMENY: Will we be able to speak to that first thing in the morning, your Honor?

THE COURT: That's right. Why don't you do it first thing in the morning? I have to finish up that criminal case in the morning, so you will have a good opportunity to review it together.

MR. BERGER: Will it be necessary to have my client here tomorrow, your Honor? He comes a hundred miles from South Hampton.

THE COURT: South Hampton?

MR. BERGER: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Do you want him here?

MR. TIMMENY: Well, your Honor, if the consent doesn't work out we are going to need him.

MR. BERGER: I don't think there is any question -THE COURT: Well, why don't you bring him up here?
It's raining in South Hampton.

MR. TIMMENY: Our position is we are going to have to have him here until we work this thing out.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. ZELERMYER: May I also be excused on the same basis?

THE COURT: Yes, but I want you here with your client when they call him.

MR. ZELERMYER: What time is your HOnor going to convene tomorrow?

THE COURT: I am starting this criminal case at 9:30, and I expect to give the case to the jury at eleven o'clock.

MR. ZELERMYER: Shall I be here at eleven o'clock?
THE COURT: Yes. With Mr. Rauch.

MR. ZELERMYER: Yes, sir.

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, the defendants Roy Alpert and Irving Alpert have also tendered consent to the Court. We will tender them to the Court on their behalf.

THE COURT: All right. Now, in looking at the mastheads that leaves Geon Industries Neuwirth, Bloom, Edwards & Hanley; is that right?

MR. TIMMENY: That's correct, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Go ahead.

MR. TIMMENY: If it please the Court, we are prepared to resume with a brief opening statement or to start with the witness.

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THE COURT: I think I know what the case is about, and I guess the other lawyers know what the case is about. Why don't you start by calling a witness.

MR. TIMMENY: Very well, your Honor. We will call as our first witness Mr. Frank Bloom.

THE COURT: This is the same Mr. Bloom who is a defendant?

MR. TIMMENY: Yes, sir.

FRANK BLOOM, called as a witness in behalf of the plaintiff, being first duly sworn by the Clerk of the Court, testified as follows:

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, at this time I would like to request that any other witnesses that are in the room be sequestered.

THE COURT: Is anybody out there going to testify in this case that have been subpoensed or called on to testify in this case?

MR. GORDON: Your Honor, the senior partner of Edwards & Hanley is here, I would like him to remain as a representative of the parties. He will be a witness at this trial.

THE COURT: How about that? I wouldn't see any problem on it.

MR. TIMMENY: I have no objection, your Honor.

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THE COURT: Importation and distribution of foreign car replacement parts.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. And in addition we have two export operations that export automotive replacement parts and aviation replacement parts.

THE COURT: All right.

#### BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q Would you describe to the Court the location of your business, Mr. Bloom?

A Yes; we have two major locations in Woodbury,

New York, one at 80 Crossways Park and the other one at

101 Crossways Park.

In addition, we have another major location in Compton, California, and another in Manhattan, and approximately 103 or 104 company-owned distributor locations throughout the United States.

In addition to that, we have an export company that exports from Germany to the United States located in Hamburg, Germany.

THE COURT: What is that?

THE WITNESS: That's also automotive replacement parts --

THE COURT: No, what is the name of the company?

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THE COURT: Is the stock listed?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir, on The American Stock Exchange.

Q Mr. Bloom, inviting your attention now to the proposed acquisition of Geon by Burmah Oil Company -THE COURT: How do you spell that? Burmah Oil.

MR. TIMMENY: B-u-r-m-a-h.

Q Approximately when did discussions begin concerning this acquisition?

A The first contact with Geon was made in the Summer of 1973. Approximately in July.

THE COURT: How did that contact come about?

THE WITNESS: The contact was made to the president of the company, Peter Neuwirth, by a representative of Drexel-Burnham & Co. in California.

- Q Who was handling the negotiations for Geon?
- A The actual negotiations for the acquisition?

MR. STRUM: I object, your Honor.

THE COURT: On what ground?

MR. STRUM: Well, I am a bit confused. Mr. Timmeny's prior question asked Mr. Bloom about discussion, now he asking about negotiations. I would request --

THE COURT: Yes, I agree it is a little confusing.

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I would like Mr. Bloom to tell us, he can do that, as
I understand you were approached through Drexe\_-Burnham
in California?

THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: Who was approached?

THE WITNESS: Peter Neuwirth.

THE COURT: Mr. Neuwirth was approached. All right, take it from there.

What happened after Neuwirth was approached by Drexel-Burnham?

A Well, there were some subsequent meetings -there was a meeting at Drexel-Burnham and Co. --

THE COURT: In California?

THE WITNESS: No, sir, that was done in New York.

THE COURT: In the New York office?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

- Q When did that take place, sir?
- A Approximately August of 1973.
- Q Who was in attendance at that meeting?
- A Myself, George Neuwirth, the chairman of the board, Peter Neuwirth --

THE COURT: Who is Peter Neuwirth?

THE WITNESS: He is the president of the company.

THE COURT: Are they brothers?

THE WITNESS: No, he is George Neuwirth's son.
THE COURT: Son. George is chairman and Peter

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

is president; is that right?

A (continuing) And one or two representatives of Drexel-Burnham and Co., I'm not certain, and three individuals from -- I'm sorry, two individuals from Burmah Oil and one individual from --

THE COURT: Who were the people from Burmah Oil?

Roberts, who is the president of Burmah Oil, U.S.A., and another gentleman by the name of Campbell Anderson, who was the manager of corporate development, U.S.A., and another gentleman from the Castrol Oil Products Division, the president of the Castrol Oil Products Division on in the United States, Martin Donohue.

Q What took place at this meeting, Mr. Bloom?

Just generally.

A Well, at that meeting -- we were informed by the people at Drexel-Burnham & Company that we were meeting with representatives of Castrol. We were not under the impression that we were meeting with anybody directly from

the Burmah organization.

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THE COURT: You say Castor Oil?

THE WITNESS: Castrol, yes, sir, it's a division of Burmah's in the U.S.

THE COURT: All right.

A And as a matter of fact, at the inception of that meeting we did not even exchange business cards, because the people who were there representing Burmah --

THE COURT: Well, don't tell us, just tell us you didn't exchange business cards. I think that's enough. All right.

Q What came out of the meeting?

A Well, it was about I guess a half hour meeting and they asked us some very general questions about the business.

THE COURT: They, do you remember who "they" were? The Burmah people?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: They asked you general questions about the business?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. And what we felt prospects for the business were like, what we felt the future for the industry in the replacement parts business in the United States was, and some very general questions

about people active in the company.

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When we closed -- oh, and then they indicated to us that they might have some possible interest in the company. Although at that point they knew very little about Geon. And we closed the meeting with the people from Burmah disclosing to us that they were from Burmah, and we established a contact ma. at Drexel-Burnham, a fellow by the name of David Gavrin, and David Gavrin acted as the liaison between the Burmah people and Geon, and principally myself at that point in time, because we established that they would request certain information from us about the company that we would try to provide them with.

THE COURT: I didn't get that. This fellow David Gavrin, where does he work?

THE WITNESS: He is with the corporate finance department of Drexel-Burnham & Company.

THE COURT: He is at Drexel-Burnham.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

Q What took place at the conclusion of the meeting?

Did you arrange to have another meeting?

A No, not at that time. At that point in time, and in fact for some time subsequent, Burmah had relatively

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little information about Geon as a company. What we did was to establish David Gavrin as the liaison man, and we would try to provide them with information, such as analysts' reports that have been written about the company over the last year or two, any other information on the industry.

THE COURT: Was this at his request, or did you just supply them with this information?

THE WITNESS: No, this was at his request, your Honor.

THE COURT: He would request information; is that the picture?

THE WITNESS: That's correct.

THE COURT: Then you made it available for him.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

### BY MR. TIMMENY:

- Q What were the mechanics of making the information available to him? Did you mail the information to him?
  - A I mailed the information to him, yes.
  - Q Did you have discussions with him on the telephone?
  - A With Gavrin?
  - Q Yes.
  - A Yes, I did.
  - Q When did you next decide, or, was there another

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meeting of any kind? Did you have further discussions with Burmah?

A Yes. Things had progressed rather slowly because all we were doing was feeding them some information.

At the same time, they asked us for a --

THE COURT: Who is "they"? Burmah?

THE WITNESS: Burmah, yes, via Drexel-Burham, asked us for a management forecast on what we thought we would do in the industry, and what the industry was doing generally and some projections done on a, strictly a straight line basis for them. And --

- Q Excuse me. What kind of projections were these?
- A These were projections of pro forma income statements and balance sheets, just assuming a mathematical growth rate, like a 20% a year growth rate or a 25% a year growth rate.

THE COURT: How long a projection did they ask for?

THE WITNESS: Five years.

THE COURT: A five-year projection.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

- A (continuing) And the accompanying cash flow statement as part of that projection.
  - Q Can you put this transmittal of information into

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some kind of a time frame? What time are we talking about?

A I would say by the third week of August they had a considerable portion of that information.

THE COURT: This happened pretty quickly after this meeting that took place in August also?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: You set up a liaison and you were feeding them this material?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

Q What, if anything, happened after this third week of August when you transmitted the information to Mr. Gavrin?

A Then, and I don't remember the date of the next meeting, there was another meeting which was arranged by David Gavrin at, I think at the Harvard Club, and the people present were David, both Mr. George Neuwirth and Mr. Peter Neuwirth, myself, Michael Pisciotta --

THE COURT: Who is he?

THE WITNESS: Who is another officer of Geon Industries, a vice president, Max Roberts again, Campbell Anderson and a fellow by the name of Jim Keane who is with Burmah U. S.

THE COURT: About when was this meeting at the Harvard Club?

THE WITNESS: I would say -- I don't recall.

It would have to have been --

THE COURT: Still in August?

THE WITNESS: Either late August or early September.

THE COURT: Before Labor Day?

THE WITNESS: I don't recall, your Honor.

THE COURT: You don't recall. All right.

Q Would you tell us what took place at this meeting?

A This was really a social gathering. I think perhaps just to -- I think perhaps it was David Gavrin's idea, because nothing much had been happening at that point in time, and I think it was just sort of a get together and, you know, meet each other again and see that things are going. We had very little direct contact if any, with the people at Burmah during that time span.

The only one that I spoke to there was Campbell Anderson, and that was basically just to directly touch base on some of the things he wanted to see in this management report that we prepared for him.

Q What things did you discuss in the management report that had been prepared?

A What did we discuss?

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Yes, with regard to the management report.

Okay. We discussed where we thought the industry was heading; we discussed two new programs that the company was embarking on, different marketing approaches.

What sort of new programs were they?

Two programs. One that's called Elan, and another one called Ultra. They are basically sales programs for different segments of the replacement parts market.

What else were you discussing in the management Q report?

We discussed where we felt growth in the industry would come from, mainly out in the distributor area, and we embodied some statistics in there based upon foreign vehicles in usage, vehicle populations, those entering our segment of the market because we service a particular span in the life of a vehicle.

What, if anything, was said about Geon's earnings or projected earnings?

That wasn't part of that pro forma. We gave them a pro forma income statement sometime in, again I would guess about September, but it might have been as late as early October. That I am not certain of either.

Again, based upon straight line assumptions showing a pro forma income statement and balance sheet for the year 1973.

- Q Would you explain what you mean by straight line assumptions?
- A Well, we used an average gross profit on the income statement, we used average monthly overhead, and we used an estimated sales figure based upon what our average sales had been and what we felt the effect on monthly sales would be for the balance of the year.
- Q Returning now to this meeting at the Harvard Club, what else happened other than discussion of the management report?
- A There wasn't a great deal that happened other than social amenities. It was a lot of, I call it back slapping and glad handing to a great degree. Max Roberts, if you know him personally, is very -- a congenial type and Mr. Neuwirth is a very congenial type, and it was a very pleasant dinner-type discussion.

It wasn't a very, very long dinner at all. I met Jim Keane -- excuse me -- who was a financial man at Burmah at that point in time, and in fact they talked to us a little bit about the oil business and their tanker operations, which is something that's totally alien to us.

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Q What next transpired after the meeting at the Harvard Club concerning discussion of the proposed acquisition?

A Okay. Some time in October -- let me wait a second, I want to be --

Q Let me backtrack a second.

You indicated a minute ago that you provided some financial information in September sometime.

A You mean the projection?

Q The projection. How was that information transmitted to Burmah?

A Oh, I just sent them out a pro forma balance sheet and P & L . You're talking about the management report?

Q Well, unless I am confused, you said the management report did not have financial figures. You said it --

- A It had only projections in it, that's correct.
- Q Now, you have a separate financial report.
- A Right.
- Q Which you call a pro forma, in effect, pro forma financial statement that you sent sometime in September.

Now, I gather this is separate from the management report?

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A That's correct,

Q How did you transmit this information?

A The set of pro forma statements I sent out to the people at Burmah.

Q Did you have discussions with anybody at Burmah concerning these statements?

A Nothing very substantial, I don't think, other than that which we expected to do for the year. That was our forecast.

Q May I ask who prepared those statements?

A They were done by my accounting department under my instruction.

Q Who in the accounting department?

A Oh, I don't know. It could have been a joint project, or any one of three different people.

Q Who would those three people --

A The three people could only have been James McMahon, Stanley Chin or James McCormack.

Q Now, as of the conclusion of the meeting at the Harvard Club, would you tell us what, if anything, was said by the Burmah people with respect to expressions of interest in going forward with the acquisition?

MR. STRUM: I object to the question, your Honor.

There has been no testimony about the acquisition, and to

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the extent that the question is phrased about going ahead with the acquisition I think it is --

THE COURT: Well, yes, I think I will sustain the objection to that. But going ahead with these negotiations you have been describing. All right.

MR. STRUM: Your Honor, I would just say on that point, as I understand it --

THE COURT: He is going ahead. That's all right.

I have sustained your objection.

Go ahead with the negotiations. What happened after that?

again I would guess mid to late October, the people at
Burmah indicated to us that they had some preliminary
interest in the company and that they would be interested
in pursuing their investigations further to actually delve
into our operations and see what we look like on the
inside.

THE COURT: How did you find that out?

THE WITNESS: That was expressed to us either directly or --

THE COURT: Through Mr. Gavrin?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: You don't remember which?

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THE WITNESS: No, I wouldn't.

- 0 Now, this was in late October?
- I would quess --

THE COURT: He said middle or late October. All right.

- I'm very bad on time reference.
- All right, and what, if anything, happened after that?
- Well, at that point in time I said that I had --I had a discussion with Peter and George Neuwirth, and I indicated -- may I backtrack a second?
  - 0 Please do.

All right. Up until this point in time the total company contact was with two individuals here in the United States, Max Roberts, who I named before, and Campbell Anderson who I named Lefore. Now, they had indicated to us in discussions that, before, that they were here -- and telling us about Burmah, that they were here on a tour of duty, so to speak, in the United States. Niether one of them are permanent residents of the United States. And when we were at this point in October where they said that they were interested in really taking a look at Geon, at that point in time and finding out if the company interested them, we had

some discussion and I said to Peter and George Neuwirth that, here we are, we have talked to two individuals and we are interested in letting them take a look at us, but we haven't taken a look at Burmah. All we had in our possession as far as concrete information about Burmah and their operations was their 1972 annual report and one or two recent Standard & Poor's on the company.

So, George Neuwirth was going to be in London, England, and I think Peter had to be there about the same time --

THE COURT: What time was this?

THE WITNESS: Late October. Around the 26th, your Honor.

THE COURT: Late October?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

A (continuing) And that was for the auto show.

There is the Earl's Court Auto Show in England at that.

time. And I suggested that it might be a good idea

if we went and met some of the people at Burmah's head

offices and find out just what kind of company they were.

THE COURT: They went to the auto show, the two Neuwirths?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. Well, Mr. George Neuwirth went ahead and Peter and I joined him there.

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(continuing) Now, just about that same point in time there's another very large U.K. based company who happens to be a substantial supplier of ours here in the United States, the company name is Joseph Lucas. Joseph Lucas, through one of their representatives here in the United States, plus a fellow who is the -- I'm not sure of his title, he's a managing director with the company, but his basic duties involve their corporate development and expansion, a fellow by the name of Graham Roberts, they were here in the United States and they came to see us, and to summarize a luncheon meeting, they indicated that they were, of course, very familiar with Gera and that they were interested in the company, quite interested in the company. That they had been agressive in other areas of the world in forming either joint ventures or in making acquisitions in the field, replacement parts field, and that they would very much be interested in talking to us.

At that point in time we said to them, well, you are interesting to us, also, but we are really not in a position to talk about anything now because we have had some discussions with another company, a very substantial company, and we felt that we would not want to be in the position of talking to two people at the same

 time, nor would we ever at any point down the road try to pit two companies against each other.

In any event, they indicated that they would still like to see us when we came to England. And, as a matter of fact, when we went to England and met with the Burmah people at Swindon on that same trip we met with the people from Joseph Lucas in London.

Q What, if anything, was discussed at the offices of Burmah in London?

THE COURT: I thought you said Burmah was in Swindon and Lucas was in --

MR. TIMMENY: I am interested in what happened at Burmah.

A At the meeting at Burmah's offices, there were present George Neuwirth, Peter Neuwirth and myself, Peter Simonis, who is assistant managing director, a fellow by the name of Bill Gage, who is their chief financial man, and two or three other individuals whose names I just don't recall.

THE COURT: Do you remember the date of this?

THE WITNESS: That would be around October 20th,

your Honor. I'm not sure.

THE COURT: Around October 26th.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

Q Now, would you tell us the essence of the discussions that you had with the Burmah representatives?

A Yes. We talked with them -- the whole meeting, by the way, including lunch, lasted about, I'd say about two and a half hours, something like that.

Q Is that the only time you spent with Burmah officials while you were in England?

A That's correct. The essence of the meeting was really to meet Peter Simonis and sort of look at him, see what he was like and let him take a look and see what we were like.

THE COURT: Where is Swindon in relation to London?

THE WITNESS: It's about 80 miles, I think, west of London, your Honor.

THE COURT: 80 miles west?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

A (continuing) And basically -- because we had expressed to them openly that we were interested in seeing something about Burmah, to see what Burmah was like.

And we sat in Peter Simonis' office and he explained to us somewhat about the evolution of Burmah, because the character of the company had changed considerably over let's say, the preceding five years. They were becoming

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a much more agressive commercial company. And from being basically an oil exploration and development company.

We also met the fellow who is the managing director of a wholly-owned subsidiary of theirs in the U.K., that they acquired about a year before that, Quinton-Hazell, a fellow by the name of Jeffrey Gilks.

They explained to us the operating of the company. My major discussions, after some pleasantries with Peter Simonis, were with Bill Gage, who is, as I mentioned before, the chief financial man, and what I was interested in was something that they used -- I didn't know the name for it then, but it was a management control tool they used for their companies around the world, and basically how they operated with their companies.

Did they let their companies operate on a relatively independent basis or were they very much concerned with central management. And, as I found out very readily at that meeting, they were not interested in centralized management, they operated very much on a de-centralized basis.

Q If I might cut you off for just a second, what developed at this meeting with respect to future discussions?

A If I recall, at this meeting they indicated that

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they were interested in Geon based upon the preliminary information that they had seen, and that at this point in time they would like to send people out from their operating divisions and actually take a look at the company from the inside, meet management people, meet middle management people.

Q All right. Now, did something happen as a result of their desire to meet your people?

A Yes. When we came back to the United States, sometime subsequent to that, they made arrangements for two individuals from Quinton-Hazell, this U. K. subsidiary that I mentioned that they had acquired about a year and a half before, who happens to be a Geon supplier. They sent out two individuals from there, Jeffrey Gilks who was their manager and chief financial man --

THE COURT: How do you spell Gilks?

THE WITNESS: G-i-l-k-s, your Honor.

THE COURT: Who was the other one?

THE WITNESS: A fellow who was a marketing man of theirs, Graham Roberts.

MR. STRUM: May I ask Mr. Timmeny to put his questions a little bit louder, your Fonor? I'm having a little difficulty hearing him.

THE COURT: Yes.

is that right?

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THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: What happened when they came over?

THE WITNESS: They came to the East Coast first, and in fact they were out at my house, I think they arrived on a weekend day, they were out at my house for a full Saturday or a full Sunday. I spent that day with them, and then they spent the next few days at our Woodbury location talking with myself, Peter Neuwirth, Michael Pisciotta, and then from there went out -- that may have taken the entire next week, or a good portion of it.

From there they went out with Peter Neuwirth, who accompanied them, out to the West Coast and took them on a tour of our West Coast fa cilities.

- Q Approximately when did they get to the West Coast?
- It would have to be the, maybe the third week of November, something like that. Or at least the 15th of November.

THE COURT: This all happened though during November?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

- Were there any meetings of any kind in November with anyone other than Gilks and Roberts from Burmah?
  - A I'm trying to recall if we had any -- I don't

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think so. I think --

Q I mean any communication of any kind.

A Oh, yes.

THE COURT: Of course he doesn't know except for himself. Did you have communications with them?

been -- yes, there was communication, certainly, on one other subject because their accountants were coming in, into Geon to review the work papers from a prior year, and they were due to come in right after this, I remember, because it was right after Thanksgiving weekend that they were coming in and I can pinpoint that that it's exactly that Tuesday that they started, of that week, because I hadn't disclosed to anybody internally or to our accountants, Arthur Anderson & Company, that any of this had been going on.

So that I called Arthur Anderson, I think the Thursday before that weekend, and they had to have their people come in and work on that weekend to get the papers into folders, and what-have-you, to bring over to our offices and make them available.

- Q Make them available to whom?
- A Ernst & Ernst.
- Q Who was Ernst & Ernst representing?

come out to Woodbury and sit down and talk with us again.

up for Max Roberts, and I think Campbell Anderson, to

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that?

However, there were a couple of cancellations right in a row, and in fact at that point in time we pretty much felt that any further interest on their part was dead because of the -- I think there were two or three cancellations in a row. It turned out subsequently that they were so busy on the Signal acquisition they had to make these cancellations of the appointments.

Finally at some point, Max Roberts came out
with us, met with us in Woodbury. He came out without
Campbell Anderson, and indicated that they were interested -THE COURT: You say at some point. When was

THE WITNESS: About, right in that same time frame, your Honor.

THE COURT: Around Thanksgiving?

THE WITNESS: It may have been right in the first part of December, right in the first few days of December.

THE COURT: The last of November, the beginning of December?

THE WITNESS: Yes. I don't have that date fixed exactly because of those cancellations.

Q I think it might be helpful in establishing a time frame if we now move ahead to early December.

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A Yes.

Q In early December Geon put out a release concerning these discussions; is that correct?

A Yes, that's correct.

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, counsel for Geon will join with the plaintiff in stipulating into the record the press release of December 3rd. I would like to have it marked, please. Your Honor, at this time I would like to ask counsel to produce the original that was subpoensed by the plaintiff.

THE COURT: The original what, the press release?

MR. TIMMENY: The press release.

THE COURT: Is there any doubt that that is the same thing?

MR. STRUM: I just want to take a quick look, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, take a look.

MR. DRAKE: The copies we have are not the best copies, that is why we are trying to get the original, your HOnor.

THE COURT: They might have a clearer copy.

MR. DRAKE: Yes, your Honor, the original

or Xerox.

THE COURT: Have you got a clearer copy? He

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says that one is illegible.

MR. STRUM: Ours is a Xerox of a Xerox, your Honor.

Bloom - direct

THE COURT: All right. Put this one in.

MR. STRUM: We will stipulate to the text,

(SEC Exhibit No. 1 received in Evidence.) BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q Mr. Bloom, did Mr. Roberts and Mr. Anderson come to Woodbury prior to the time this press release was issued?

A I don't know. That I don't know. I don't know if they came prior or subsequent to that release. It wasn't Mr. Anderson, it was strictly Mr. Roberts who appeared at Woodbury. Mr. Anderson didn't make that meeting that I recall.

Q At the time this press release was put out, Mr. Bloom, did Geon have procedures regarding the public disclosure of corporate information?

A Yes.

Would you describe those procedures?

The procedures were to comply with the proper disclosure of any information that was of a nature that required disclosure. I don't know what you mean by

"procedures."

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Q Well, suppose you were about to put out an announcement; what steps would you take?

A The announcement would be discussed with company counsel completely before the announcement was put out.

Q Is this pursuant to a directive or anything to officials of Geon?

A I don't think there is a directive of any kind that exists. That's just in our procedure every single time.

Q Do you have any written policies of any kind with respect to the disclosure of information to the public?

- A Company policy?
- Q Yes.
- A Internal company policy?
- Q Yes.
- A No.

Q While we are on the subject, what would your company policies or procedures be with respect to withholding information which you considered but which you --

THE COURT: Well, that is an awfully long question.

MR. STRUM: Object to that, your Honor.

THE COURT: I will sustain the objection to that

question.

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I take it you are telling us your company didn't have any set rules on this, either from the point of view of when you might be issuing a press release or when you might decide you are not going to issue a press release; is that right?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: You had no rule. And who were the people who would consider it? Management?

THE WITNESS: Management would discuss it with our counsel.

THE COURT: And the management being the two Neuwirths and you?

> THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And you would discuss it with your lawyer?

> THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Would that be on the basis, do you think you would like to put out a statement, or would it be on the basis that you think maybe you don't want to put out a statement?

THE WITNESS: No, I think it would be that first of all we would say this particular information, do you think that it requires a disclosure of some kind

and, you know, we are not 100% all the time, if the information requires the disclosure of a certain type but we would certainly check with company counsel.

THE COURT: There would come times when you had information and you didn't want to disclose it at this time and you talked with the lawyer and he said, well, you don't have to disclose it, did that ever happen?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: It did happen?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

## BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q What I'm trying to arrive at, sir, did you have procedures if you had information that you did want to disclose --

THE COURT: He didn't have any procedures. He has made that quite clear. There is something you did in the top management, you discussed it and you would call your lawyer; is that right?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

Q Would you describe, if you will, the progress of the discussions now after the December 3rd press release?

A Yes. Well, the December 3rd press release was made, and again I am trying for recollection on this, but if I'm not mistaken there were rumors around that a company was looking at Geon and that --

THE COURT: You mean after this press release?

THE WITNESS: No, I think prior to the press release, your Honor. And the stock behaved very unusually the week before, the stock seemed to run up on the basis of this rumor, and we felt that it was incumbent upon the company to make some release that Burmah and Geon had been talking with the thought to a possible negotiation for an acquisition, and we, in fact, I, created the press release with The American Stock Exchange over that weekend, and if I'm not mistaken the release of the 3rd, if that's a Monday, then that's the release that was made after clearing it with The Amex and the people at Burmah.

- Q When you say you cleared this press release with the American Stock Exchange --
  - A Yes, sir.
  - Q (continuing) -- how did that come about?
  - A How did it come about?
  - Q Yes, sir.
- A Well, the problem was the liaison between Geon and Burmah who had to clear the release with their people

in the U.K. at this point in time no real negotiation had occurred, and I don't think they were too thrilled about making the release at that point in time. We felt that it was preliminary, as we did, but that something was necessary.

So, consequently on that Friday we discussed with them the making of a release, and then there was a lot of back and forth communication over that weekend, and I think finally it was finished on Sunday, and I spoke with -- because there were some minor language changes made in the release between the U. K. and the United States, and then on Sunday I spoke with Randy Gromet at the Amex, I read him the final version of the release, and he suggested one or two word changes, and I sort of talked him out of it. I said, gee, if we have to go back, you know, to the Burmah people and then they have to get clearance in the U. K., we will never get this thing until Monday, and he agreed with me, and the release was made.

Q Didn't the representative of The Amex actually initiate the discussions with you concerning putting out a release?

A On the 3rd?

Yes.

All right, let's take a short recess. (Recess.)

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THE COURT: You may proceed.

## BY MR. TIMMENY:

- Q Mr. Bloom, subsequent to the December 3rd release, what financial information, if any, was transmitted to Burmah representatives by Geon?
  - A Subsequent to December 3rd?
- Yes. Let's stay close to the December 3rd period and we will come along from there.
- I don't think there would have been any financial information --

THE COURT: You don't recall any?

THE WITNESS: No, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

- Were there any meetings after the December 3rd press release? With Burmah representatives?
- The next meeting that I would recall would be the meeting of December 17th or 18th, that week, when the acquisition was actually negotiated.
- Prior to the December 17th or 18th meeting, was there any correspondence or any phone communication with Burmah representatives?
  - Oh, excuse me. I lost the time frame there.

THE COURT: Take your time. We have got December 3rd and the press release went out, and you spoke at a

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meeting on December 18th. Where was that?

THE WITNESS: The meeting of December 18th was held at the Regency Hotel.

THE COURT: The Regency Hotel?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right. Now he wants to know whether between the press release and that meeting at the Regency Hotel did you have any communication with the Burmah people.

THE WITNESS: Yes. Other than day-to-day communications, there was one other meeting, there was a dinner meeting that was held also in December, if I recall correctly.

THE COURT: That was before the Regency meeting?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Where was that held?

THE WITNESS: That was held at the New York Athletic Club.

THE COURT: You certainly saw the town in the course of these negotiations. Was that a dinner meeting, too?

THE WITNESS: Yes, it was.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I have the 17th and the 18th. When do you think you were at the New York

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2 Athletic Club?

THE WITNESS: Sometime between.

THE COURT: Sometime in between. All right.

Then he wants to know whether apart from the press release and the New York Athletic Club and the Regency did you have any other communications with Burmah people during this period from December 3rd and December 17th.

THE WITNESS: I don't recall, but if anything, it had to be extremely limited, and again, because they were so wrapped up in this Signal acquisition deal.

THE COURT: You say there could have been, but you can't recall any specifically; is that fair to say?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: You, yourself?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

## BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q Would you describe what went on at the dinner meeting at the New York A.C.?

A Yes, that was hosted by Max Roberts, and present were, in addition to him, were Campbell Anderson, Jim Keane, George Neuwirth, Michael Pisciotta, Peter Neuwirth, myself and a new individual by the name of Jay Newland.

Q Who was he?

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A Jay Newland had just joined Burmah. I think two days before that dinner. And he joined as vice president in charge of corporate development. Campbell Anderson was being transferred back to the U.K. To Swindon. And Jay was his successor in the job, and in fact he was introduced to us that night, and it was his responsibility to go through the financial data that we had supplied to them, and apparently begin to establish their parameters for the negotiation that took place on December 17th or 18th, whatever that week was.

Q You say that Mr. Newland's duties would be to go through the financial data you had supplied.

A Yes.

Q Would you summarize to this point what financial data you had supplied to Burmah?

A We supplied the five-year projections and management text that accompanied it. We supplied the pro forma income statement and balance sheet for the year 1973. I may have given them some other miscellaneous data on breakdown between import and export sales, things of that nature. I don't recall, because most --

THE COURT: You gave them everything they wanted.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

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THE WITNESS: In fact, they didn't even have a 10K on the company until fairly far down the road. That was one of the pieces of information I supplied to them.

Then Jay took the projections -- well, first of all after we met with Jay, he came out and visited the company, and he talked with Peter and Michael and myself and discussed the five-year projections, and then went ahead and prepared his proposal based upon those projections and whatever subsequent work he did, I'm not privy to a great deal that he did on it.

In coming up with revised projections on, I guess whatever he felt was perhaps a more conservative basis to use as a basis for valuing the company.

I know of that because I know those projections were in evidence at the negotiations.

- Q Let me ask you a question.
- A Yes.
- Q When did Mr. Newland come back to you with revised projections?
- A We weren't aware of his revisions to the projections until the negotiations at the Regency Hotel, because the opening of the negotiations they based their first offer on a set of revised projections that we had never seen, and they were based upon a set of discounted cash flows that he

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had done that had some invalid assumptions in his pro formas, and consequently, we stopped the negotiations at a point in time because we just weren't near each other.

He and I worked on into the night revising, with David Gavrin, as a matter of fact, because David Gavrin was present, worked on it working on his pro forma schedules and changing some of the assumptions in there.

Q This would have been the night of December 17?

A If that was the first day that we met, then I would say that was the night we worked on it. We worked quite late on that.

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, we have subpoensed press releases from Geon, and I believe there was a press release on the 18th.

I would now request counsel to provide us with copies of the press release.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. STRUM: Your Honor, we have a complete file of press releases.

THE COURT: He doesn't want that, he wants the one on the 18th. He wants to refresh the witness' recollection.

MR. STRUM: Surely.

THE COURT: Let's take a look at it.

1	cmsr Bloom - direct 60
2	MR. TIMMENY: I would like to have this marked,
3	your Honor.
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5	THE COURT: Surely. That will be Plaintiff's Exhibit No. 2 for identification.
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7	Is there any objection about receiving this, gentlemen?
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9	MR. STRUM: No objection, your Honor.
	THE COURT: All right, we will receive it in
10	evidence.
11	[SEC Exhibit No. 2 received in evidence.]
12	THE COURT: Do you remember this press release,
13	sir? [Handing.]
14	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
15	THE COURT: All right. You recall that was issued
16	about that date? What is the date on it?
17	THE WITNESS: Yes, December 18th.
18	THE COURT: December 18th. All right.
19	Now, I have not found out what happened after the
20	New York Athletic Club which was sometime before this.
21	MR. TIMMENY: I am just trying to pin down the
22	date of the meeting, your Honor. I think the release now
23	backs up the meeting of the 17th, does it not?
24	THE COURT: That's right. That was at the Regency.
25	THE WITNESS: That's correct.

\*

Y MR. TIMMENY:

Q Now, let's go on with the meeting at the Regency.

THE COURT: Well, how about letting us know what
happened at the New York Athletic Club which was before that?

What happened at the Athletic Club?

a, again, a very congenial dinner, and one of the reasons for that dinner was to indicate to us that the people at Burmah were interested in going forward and establishing a date for Peter Simonis to come over from the U.K. to the United States to do the actual negotiation, assisted by Max Roberts and by Jay Newland. And, in addition to introduce us to Jay Newland, because this was the first time we had ever seen him, and we would have to do some substantial amount of work with him in going forward.

BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q What discussions took place concerning the discussions that you had --

A I'm sorry, what discussions took place at the Athletic Club?

Q Yes.

THE COURT: I think he just indicated, as I understand it, that the purpose that was so that you fellows could meet Newland, if that is his name, and arrange a time

had to call up and delay it somewhat and didn't show up

until about six or 6:30 that evening.

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0 Who was present?

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Max Roberts, Peter Simonis, Jay Newland, George Neuwirth, Peter Neuwirth, Michael Pisciotta, myself.

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What happened, if anything, at the meeting? Q

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Well, do you want all the details of the --

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You said that Mr. Newland opened up with some revised earnings projections; is that correct?

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Yes, but not at that point.

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All right, tell us what happened.

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Okay. First we sat down, we all sat down around A a large table, I think some people ate something because

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they hadn't eaten dinner, and the first question posed by

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the Burmah people to us was that, it was by Peter Simonis,

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he said that before they enter into any discussions about

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price that they have to have an assurance at this point in time that certain operating officers of the compan would

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be willing to sign four-year employment agreements; that

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that was one of their major areas of concern, because they

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did not have any management people in the United States to

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operate the company.

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We had some general discussion about the contracts and the terms of the contracts, and again, very generally without specifics on the employment contracts, but just that they weren't going to be anything very, very unusual

in the way of employment contracts, we said, yes, we would be willing to sign four-year employment contracts.

Q What persons did they want to sign the four-year employment contracts?

A Initially, specifically, Peter Neuwirth, Michael Pisciotta and myself.

- Q You said there was a fourth?
- A No, four-year.
- Q Excuse me. What transpired after the discussion concerning the employment contracts?

looking over the financial material and they had been looking over the financial material and they had been looking over the analysis work that Jay did on the information that he had, and in addition indicated that they had looked over conditions in terms of the fuel shortage that was, you know, or in evidence at that point in time, and what they felt was happening to the replacement parts industry in the United States, and they made an offer, an initial offer of thirty million. Peter Simonis said, our initial offer is thirty million, and I remember that vividly because Michael Pisciotta asked if he meant pounds, and he said, no, dollars.

We at that point said, well, something is wrong, we just don't think that that's a correct valuation for the company, and we had a little bit of small talk about whether

2 it paid to sit and talk further at that point in time or 3 if we should perhaps adjourn and talk to each other.

I think probably around that point in time the question of the analysis work that Jay Newland had done came up, and I asked, well, I'd like to see some of the numbers that you are working with, because, you know, something just doesn't seem right. And I looked at the analysis that he had done, and I said, well, wait a minute, you have made certain assumptions here that I think are fallacious and we had some discussion, and finally it was decided that Jay, David Gavrin and I would stay and we work the numbers and that everybody else would leave the room and the meeting would be reconvened the following day.

Q All right. Then what happened when you made that decision? Did you adjourn?

A Yes. They went to eat, I think. We had eaten something previously. Then everybody else went out to eat, or to have a couple of drinks, I'm not certain.

Q All right. And you discussed the projections with Mr. Newland?

- A That's correct.
- Q Would you tell us about that discussion, please?
- A We discussed some of the parameters that he had used, and frankly, some of it was just negotiating ploys,

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where I had used 20% in a mathematical fashion, he cut it back for conservative reasons to 16%. Why not 17 or 18%, or any number of things. Things concerning overhead rates going forward, the incremental cost of overhead rates going forward. Things of that nature.

Finally, we agreed upon a new set of parameters. We rated all of the analysis work that he had at that point in time, then he indicated that he wanted to work a little further on it the following morning. And we set a meeting time for the following morning of, perhaps ten o'clock, something like that, I'm not certain, 9:30, and then we met the following morning.

- Q Where did you meet the following morning?
- A We met at their hotel -- I think we met at their hotel. I think we met at the Plaza. Yes, we did. We met at the Plaza the following morning. No, it wasn't the Plaza. I'm sorry. It was the -- I think it was the Pierre, the following morning.
  - Q Who attended this meeting at the Pierre?
- A The same people that were present at the meeting the day before. And we --
  - Q Meaning the whole crew, not --
- A Yes, the entire attendants of the previous meeting was there. And they again made us an offer of

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thirty two, three, four million, something like that.

In any event, we went through a negotiating process back and forth and they finally came to us with an offer which they said was their top non-negotiable offer of \$36,000,000.

We had some discussion concerning some of the stock options and the treatment thereof, things of that type --

THE COURT: With them, or was this after --THE WITNESS: We had the discussion with them, your Honor.

THE COURT: With them. All right.

[continuing] And we said, well, if you can in addition do these certain things, then we feel that it's a fair and reasonable price, and we shook hands on it. We had a deal.

All right. Did anything else take place at this meeting at the Pierre? Did you arrange another meeting, another session?

I don't know if we arranged a meeting at that point in time, because our next meeting was a meeting that I was present for with our attorneys, and their attorneys, and their internal -- some of their internal people at their offices, and that was frankly to discuss the form of the deal.

represent just a handshake you had had at the close of the

to this agreement that there would be a purchase of assets?

Q

A No.

Q Did the financial arrangements remain the same although it would be a purchase of assets, it would still be \$36,000,000 or \$16.80 a share approximately?

A That's correct.

Q What next took place with respect to these acquisition discussions?

A We received the -- well, in the interim I did some very minor work for them concerning the tax effect of liquidating some of the subsidiaries, the purchase of assets involved a purchase of stock of all the subsidiaries which is owned by Geon Industries, that's a holding company, and there were some taxable effects dependent upon how the transaction was done. I did a little bit of work on that.

Then the next thing was a contract that was drafted by Burmah's counsel, Simpson Thacher and Bartlett, and a first draft was sent to me, I guess in the first week of January, someplace in there, right around the beginning of January 1974, and of course, to our corporate counsel, Kaye Schoeler.

- Q Let me backtrack just a second.
- A Sure.
- Q Was there any provision in connection with your agreement in principle with respect to Geon's earnings or

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contract form. But basically a great deal of the work was

done by phone and between company counsel and myself.

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1	cmsr Bloom - direct 72					
2	Q As to the time of the first week in January when					
3	you had a first draft contract					
4	A Yes.					
5	Q [continuing] were there any provisions in the					
6	contract with respect to a net worth year-end 1973 for					
7	Geon, or certain earnings by the					
8	THE COURT: Representations? Did the contract					
9	have representations? The draft?					
10	THE WITNESS: Yes. I would have to see the first					
11	draft of the contract to see if they were in there, but it					
12	was definitely in the contract at some point in time.					
13	MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, I believe we subpoensed					
14	the contracts, and that would include the first draft.					
15	I now call upon counsel to produce them.					
16	THE COURT: Do you have a draft of the contract?					
17	MR. STRUM: No, you Honor, we don't. We received					
18	a subpoena from the SEC					
19	THE COURT: Well, never mind all that. You					
20	haven't got one here?					
21	MR. STRUM: No, sir.					
22	THE COURT: Do you have any drafts of the					
23	contract?					
24	MR. STRUM: I think we do, yes.					
25	THE COURT: Well, see what you have got.					

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Gentlemen, the witness thinks he may have the contract himself.

THE WITNESS: That may be in my contract forms. BY MR. TIMMENY:

Was Mr. Newwirth a party to the discussions --

MR. STRUM: Excuse me, your Honor, may I --

MR. TIMMENY: I think I can help you out. If Mr. Neuwirth was party to the discussions, we are going to put him on later, maybe we can put the contract on through him. I am just trying to move along.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Yes. Let's move along.

MR. TIMMENY: If counsel will undertake to give us the contract before we go home tonight.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. STRUM: Your Honor, we are going to turn over at the end of today's session every piece of paper that has been subpoensed, and they can have those papers overnight and they can go through them.

THE COURT: All right. They will enjoy that.

MR. TIMMENY: As I say, as long as I understand Mr. Neuwirth was party to these discussions, we can put it in when he is a witness.

THE COURT: All right.

BY MR. TIMMENY:

 Q Can we establish, Mr. Bloom, that there were some contingencies in the draft contracts concerning Geon's earnings for 1973 and Geon's net worth for year-end 1973?

A That's correct.

Q These contingencies, if you will --

THE COURT: Why do you keep calling them contingencies? These were representations?

MR. TIMMENY: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

Q These representations were present from the first draft on?

A I think so. If I'm correct. But they were certainly in at an early stage.

Q What effect would there be on the discussions, or the contract if you didn't meet these representations? What was your understanding early on in January with respect to the effect on the acquisition if you didn't meet the representations concerning earnings?

MR. STRUM: I object to the question, your Honor.

THE COURT: I am not sure I understand the question.

I suppose the contract provided that Geon would have earnings of such and such amount, or at least such an amount, and that their cash position at the end of the year would be

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About a week before. I think the Thursday, if the

the company?

A Yes.

Q At this point, that is approximately the Friday prior to the meeting of February 21, was the contract agreeable to the negotiators on both sides?

A Yes.

Q Were there any steps taken to prevent the -- well, let me backtrack a second.

Was there any public announcement of this February 21 meeting?

A No.

Q Were there any steps taken to prevent the scheduling of the meeting from becoming known generally to the public prior to any announcement by the company?

MR. STRUM: I object to the question.

THE COURT: That is a tough question. I think I will sustain the objection to that question.

You say you made no public announcement of this meeting. You did send out a notice, though, I take it, and you said you would have your secretary call up. Did you say to any of the people, don't tell anybody we are having a meeting?

THE WITNESS: I don't recall if I would have said that, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, you don't recall whether you said

Do you recall any telephone call at approximately

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And he said, well, I'd have to make the entry, or something to that effect.

entry at this point in time?

me as peculiar. It struck me as wrong. And I queried him.

I said, why are you asking me about the treatment of this

So, I said, well, look, I tried to walk through the entry, I asked him, has it been made, he said, no, I

Q And you said that this question bothered you from Mr. Chin?

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A Yes. So, at that point I said to him, well, don't try to go into it yourself now. When Jim comes in,

- What was the effect them of this \$314,000 error? Q
- What was the effect on the financial statement?
- Yes.

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A Okay. The effect on the financial statement was to increase the gross profits that we were achieving on the east coast warehouse for 1973 so far based upon the physical inventory.

Q What was the bottom line effect of this \$314,000 error?

A The bottom line effect of this error was to increase the income originally by \$314,000.

Q For what period?

A For 1973. The year 1973. And by reversing it properly, by treating it properly, it would decrease the income by \$314,000. However --

THE COURT: I don't follow you. I'm awfully dumb about these things. If it is not in the figures at all it won't increase or decrease.

THE WITNESS: That's precisely -- your Honor, could I go through an explanation of how this occurs?

THE COURT: That is the way it seems to me, but if it wouldn't increase it, I don't see how it decreased it.

THE WITNESS: Well, we report our earnings on an interim basis on a historical gross profit. The historical gross profit, or estimated gross profit for the east coast warehouse that was used for reporting and projecting purposes was approximately 36%.

physical inventory and in the final valuation of that

inventory, we then compare what our closing inventory

When we come down to the year-end and we take a

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finally produced, if you will, as a gross profit to the estimated gross profit that we were reporting with during the year. Now -
Q Let me stop you right there.

A Yes.

Q In other words, this error had been included in your estimated gross profit for the year?

A No. I'm sorry, that's not correct.

Q Go on, please.

A May I? Our estimated gross profit that we were using for the year was 36%, as I indicated, on the east coast warehouse. Because this item had not been properly reversed, it tended when we compared our physical inventory at year-end, it tended to increase the gross profit that it looked like we were achieving for the year 1973.

At that point in time while this item was booked incorrectly we were showing a gross profit achieved on the east coast warehouse of something in the low 40% range, which was well in excess of the gross profit that we had been reporting on during the year.

By correcting this error we reduced the gross

profit achieved on the east coast warehouse from 41%, or 41 and a fraction percent, down to about 37-1/2%, but still in excess of that which we had used for reporting during the year, and which we had used to project our estimated earnings for the year.

As a matter of fact, based on a subsequent audit adjustment of a cutoff error made by Arthur Anderson & Company, the final gross profit finally achieved on the east coast warehouse was 39 point something percent, well in excess of that which we had used for reporting and to estimate our current year's earnings.

I tried to explain this item previously.

- Q Let me backtrack a minute to your discussion with Mr. McMahon.
  - A Yes.
- Q You indicated that Mr. McMahon told you that this \$314,000 was sitting in as an income item and should not have been there.
  - A Yes.
- Q Did Mr. McMahon's statement to you evoke any response from you?
- A Yes. I was annoyed, because sometime around the tail end of the previous week I had queried -- although the inventories and all the cutoff work hadn't been

finished -- I had asked, how did the east coast warehouse look? We're always curious, that's the first inventory we get back, we're always curious to see how our actual gross profit for the year looked compared to what we are estimating, and the first question I ask is of all the inter and intra-profit eliminations that they have been properly booked from prior periods.

THE COURT: Who did you ask?

THE WITNESS: I'm sure I asked Jim McMahon at that point in time, and he had given me an affirmative answer because he was probably under the impression that the item had been properly treated, or reversed at that point in time. So now, when I come down to this Thursday morning and I was under the impression that our gross profit actually achieved, it was going to be very, very high at the east coast warehouse, instead of just a little bit higher than that which we had estimated, and I was very annoyed at that point in time because that's rather a late date to find out that a simple — a simple mechanical entry that should just be automatically done, that's really the way to characterize the entry, that it hadn't been done especially since I had specifically asked about this.

Q Now, I had asked you whether or not McMahon's

hadn't been made, and I was trying to walk through the

entry over the phone. And I was -- Peter saw that I was

very much upset. I was annoyed and embarrassed, because

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we had been talking about this super gross profit at the east coast warehouse, you know, for one or two days that week, and pretty much dismissed it as being a sure thing.

so I started to do something I don't think I ever did before, and I started to yell and get very annoyed over the phone, and Peter said, well, look, you're not getting anyplace, and why don't you go over there and see what you can find out, which I did. I walked across the street. And I sat down with Jim and we went through the entry to see whether it had gone through the accounts properly, and it was a little bit of a job to do because our general ledger is on the data processing system, and items flow through the accounts. If you make an error in one month you have to take that error out and put it in formally the next month.

In any event, we walked through this item --

- Q Let me ask you a question first.
- A Surely.
- Did you ever indicate to anyone that your purpose in going over to check these figures with Mr. McMahon was to verify that you dreaded had happened?
  - A To verify what I dreaded had happened?
  - Q Yes.
  - A I don't know if I used -- I don't know if I used

space, so I went across to this other building, and I took

a look at this item. This, I think I spent from about

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maybe 11:45 by that point in time, or maybe 11:30, or

12:30 or something like that, and all I did was go in and
look. We have a considerable portion of our accounting
records on a computer system, when you want to look for
something, you really have to do a lot of flipping and

7 flopping.

" So, what I did was I went there and I tried to mechanically verify this thing was the way I dreaded that it had come through."

A Yes.

Q "Q. Being a \$314,000.

"A. Right."

A Yes.

Q Do you recall that question being asked and that answer being given?

A Yes.

Q Why did you say you dreaded the way this thing had come through?

A That's only because we had been under the impression that we had done very well on gross profit at the east coast warehouse. Much better than we finally ended up even though we did come out with an excess gross profit. And to me to talk for three or four days with operating officers of the company, Peter Neuwirth specifically,

Michael Pisciotta and discussing these things under the impression that you have 41 plus percent gross profit and using 36, and then you find out on Thursday morning that you have got a \$300,000 error in there, that brings it down to 37-1/2%, is not a very pleasant surprise at that point in time.

- Q When had you first received these pre-tax preliminary figures from Mr. Chin?
  - A Pre-tax, or gross profit?
- Q No, no. We are talking about the preliminary figures.
  - A Okay. At the same --
  - Q That are being assembled by Chin.
  - A Right.
  - Q When did he transmit them to you originally?
- A At the same time that morning I started to get pre-tax numbers on the other operating divisions.
- Q Where had you gotten the gross profit numbers then originally?
- A Well, the only gross profit number that I had at that point in time was the Woodbury warehouse, east coast warehouse, and the Aviation Division, American Aviation, our Aviation Division we had some preliminary gross profit figures at that point in time. I don't think

percentage.

A We're talking about comparing final gross profit percentage after the taking of a physical inventory to the estimate gross profit percentage that --

THE COURT: Then the interim statement you used this 36%, and when you take your physical inventory at the end you have to adjust it.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: I think we will adjourn now. I think I will be through with this criminal case by a little after eleven o'clock tomorrow. I don't want to keep you waiting around. Do you want to make it 11:30 tomorrow morning?

MR. TIMMENY: Very well, your Honor.

THE COURT: Is that agreeable?

MR. STRUM: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: 11:30. All right.

(ADJOURNED TO JUNE 18, 1974.)

. . .

MR. TIMMINEY: Your Honor, before we resume the examination of Mr. Bloom I would like to request the per-

THE COURT: All right.

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mission of the Court to have an SEC staff accountant sit at the table with me, because I intend to go into -- to present, or attempt to present some work papers, and I think it would expedite the presentation of the evidence if he were here to assist me.

Mr. Strum has indicated that he has no objection.

THE COURT: That is all right, yes. It might help us all.

MR. TIMMINEY: Thank you.

THE COURT: What is the gentleman's name?

MR. TIMMINEY: Your Honor, this is Morris

Lafferman, staff accountant at the Securities and Exchange

THE COURT: All right.

FRANK BLOOM, called as a witness by the plaintiff, having been previously duly sworn, testified further as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION (Continued)

BY MR. TIMMINEY:

Commission.

O Mr. Bloom, as you will recall yesterday we were discussing a \$314,000 figure that Mr. McMahon had told you as sitting in as an income item in your East Coast wherehouse that should not have been there?

A That's correct.

What next happened as I recall is you went across the street to check this accounting maatter yourself.

Now, after you checked this matter with Mr.

McMahon is it not a fact that you found the effect of this
error was to decrease Geon's profits on a consolidated
basis by \$314,000?

A Yes, except that that's not the entirety of the answer. As I explained to you the other day.

May I?

THE COURT: Go ahead. Yes.

He said it did reduce the profit on the consolidated statement by \$314,000, but, go ahead.

THE WITNESS: But that reduction was a reduction of a profit in excess of that which we anticipated for the East Coast warehouse.

THE COURT: Well, that's a different question.

That is a different question. You anticipated in the interim statements, I think, a percentage, what was that percentage?

THE WITNESS: 36.2.

THE COURT: And even with the reduction this was more than 36 percent?

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THE WITNESS: That's right.

MR. TIMMENY: You mean even with the reduction you had 39 per cent?

THF WITNESS: That's right.

THE COURT: I understood that yesterday.

THE WITNESS: At that point we had 37-1/2 per cent, ultimately we ended up with a little over 39 per cent.

## BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q But isn't the bottom line effective this error to reduce Geon's consolidated earnings by --

THE COURT: I didn't hear what you said.

Isn't the bottom line effective this error -THE COURT: He said that. He said that's
right. That's what you just said.

A But that's not -- excuse me, but that's a distortion of what the effect of that \$31,000 is.

THE COURT: Well, I mean, you are relating it to the 36 per cent again.

THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor, but it's an error correction of -- it's something that never would have gone to the P & L, and it's a correction of something that was an error to begin with and had absolutely -- it should have a zero effect.

THE COURT: What you're saying is that the correction of this error didn't in any way change the -- you were still doing better than you had estimated on the interim statements in the East Coast warehouse.

THF WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: I understand. All right.

Q Isn't it a fact that the opening inventory in 1973 at the Woodbury and the Compton warehouses was understated by \$314,000?

A That's not correct, I'm sorry. Absolutely not.

If you would like I will give you an explanation.

Q Why do you say that's not correct?

MR. STRUM: I object to the question, your Honor.

He asked him if it is correct, and he said it is not correct.

I think --

THE COURT: Well, so far I understand the witness' testimony to be that the bottom line profit on the consolidated basis was reduced by \$314,000 because of this error, and then he goes on to say that on the basis of the ratio, projected ratio he was still doing better than he did before, and I don't see you need to go any further than that.

MR. TIMMENY: May I have your indlugence for a moment, your Honor?

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## Bloom-direct

Surely.

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- 1	THE	COURT:	

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, I would like to have a document marked.

(SEC Exhibit No. 4 was marked for

identification.)

MR. TIMMENY: May I approach the witness, your Honor?

THE COURT: Yes.

## BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q Mr. Bloom, I show you a document that has been marked SEC Exhibit No. 4 for identification (handing), and I ask you if you can identify it, please?

A This is a work sheet that is used to calculate the intracompany profit elimination between the Geon ware-house and Geon branches, and these happen to be the East Coast branches.

MR. TIMMENY: It is offered in evidence, your Honor.

MR. STRUM: May I see it, please?

THE COURT: Yes, surely.

MR. STRUM: Your Honor, before it is offered in evidence may I inquire on the voir dire?

THE COURT: Go ahead.

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1	ms7 Bloom-direct				
2	VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION				
	BY MR. STRUM:				
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4	Q Mr. Bloom, could you please tell me by whom				
5	this document was prepared and at what point in time				
6	(handing)				
7	A I don't know at what point in time it was pre-				
8	pared. It was prepared by, it looks like Stan Chin's				
9	handwriting, and it might be it might be Jim McCormick,				
10	I'm not sure.				
11	THE COURT: But you recognize that as a document				
12	in Geon's business and prepared by the accounting department?				
13	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.				
14	Now, I don't know if this is from 1974 or from				
15	was this from the 1973 work paper files, may I ask?				
16	MR. TIMMENY: This is from the file labeled				
17	Geon Industries, Inc., December 31, 1973.				
18	THE WITNESS: Okay. Then this is the 1974				
19	work papers 1973 work papers.				
20	THE COURT: All right.				
21	MR. STRUM: I have no objection, your Honor.				
22	THE COURT: All right, it may be received.				
23	(SEC Exhibit No. 4 was received in				

evidence.)

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1	ms8 Bloom-direct				
2	DIRECT EXAMINATION (Continued)				
3	BY MR. TIMMENY:				
4	Q Mr. Bloom, again I show you Exhibit No. 4 in				
5	evidence, and I invite your attention				
6	MR. TIMMENY: May I approach the witness again,				
7	your Honor?				
8	THE COURT: Yes.				
9	MR. STRUM: May I request, please, Mr. Timmeny,				
10	that you speak up? I am having trouble hearing.				
11	THE COURT: Do you want to sit in the jury box?				
12	I will have to bounce you out if the jury comes in.				
13	MR. STRUM: I prefer to sit here, your Honor, so				
14	I can hear the writing surface.				
15	THE COURT: All right.				
16	MR. TIMMENY: I am laboring under a cold, Mr. Strum,				
17	but I will do the best I can.				
18	Q Mr. Blum, I invite your attention to Column 5				
19	A Yes.				
20	Q (Continuing) Line 40.				
21	A Yes.				
22	Q Is that the \$313 item we have been discussing?				
23	A Yes, I think we have referred to it as 314, but				
24	that looks like the 313,000. That's correct.				
25	Q And that column is head 1972 reversal?				

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A Correct.

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, I would like to have this document marked.

(SEC Exhibit No. 5 was marked for

identification.)

BY MR. TIMMENY:

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Q Mr. Bloom, I show you a one-page work sheet that has been marked SEC Exhibit No. 5 for identification, and I ask you if you can identify it (handing)?

A I haven't seen this work paper before, but if you will let me look at it for a second I can dope it out.

THE COURT: Check it out.

I think the question is, can you identify that.

Is that something that came out of Geon's files?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

Why don't you take a look at it.

THE WITNESS: This would be a calculation of the -- probably the inter and intracompany profit eliminations, and this would be a calculation of the closing gross profit for the East Coast warehouse, I think.

Because I see 39-1/2 per cent, and that's about correct.

Q Where is that closing gross profit reflected for the East Coast warehouse?

1	ms10 Bloom-direct 104				
2	A Line 38.				
3	Q Column 6?				
4	A Column 6, line 38, that's correct.				
5	Q Thank you.				
6	Now, I also invite your attention to Column 6,				
7	lines 4, 5 and 6				
8	A Yes.				
9	Q (Continuing) Do those lines indicate that the				
10	\$313,000 figure is then decreased by \$89,000 resulting in				
11	a figure of \$223,664 as the total profit elimination intra-				
12	company profit elimination relating to the books of Geon				
13	Intercontinental Corporation?				
14	A Yes, that's how you would book it year to date,				
15	that's correct.				
16	MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, I offer Exhibit 5.				
17	THE COURT: Is there any objection?				
18	MR. STRUM: If I may, your Honor, just one or				
19	two questions on vire dire.				
20	THE COURT: Certainly.				
21	VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION				
22	BY MR. STRUM:				
23	Q Mr. Blum, do you know by whom, which individual				
24	this particular document was prepared?				
25	A This looks like Stanley Chin's writing again.				

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•	msii Floom-direct				
2	Q Do you know at what point in time that was				
3	prepared?				
4	A Well, this would be the this would have to				
5	have been done some time in the later part of not the				
6	late, but the middle part of March, right near the end,				
7	because this gross profit calculation reflects the cut-				
8	off error that was found on the East Coast warehouse.				
9	That was about \$170,000. We never got the 39-5 until				
10	that was discovered, and that was something around the end				
11	of the first week in March.				
12	MR. STRUM: I have no objection, your Honor.				
13	THE COURT: All right, it may be received.				
14	(SFC Exhibit 5 was received in				
15	evidence.)				
16	THE COURT: Do you have some questions, or are				
17	you waiting, or what?				
18	MR. TIMMINY: I have just shown a document to				
19	Mr. Strum.				
20	THE COURT: All right.				
21	MR. TIMMENY: I would like to have this document				
22	marked for identification, your Honor.				
23	(SFC Exhibit No. 6 was marked for				
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identification.)

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2 DIRECT EXAMINATION (Continued)

3 BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q Mr. Bloom, I show you a document that has been marked SEC Exhibit No. 6 for identification, and I ask you if you can identify it (handing)?

A This would be a comparative income statement.

This was probably a preliminary statement. I don't know at what point this was prepared. This is very early, because I don't even see -- I don't see the disc, I don't see anything in here.

THE COURT: This is covering what year, 1973?

Q 1973, does it not?

A Well, this was really old. I don't know when this refers -- I don't know at what point this was prepared.

THE COURT: But it refers to 1973?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

Q Isn't the document captioned Geon Intercontinental Corporation Comparative Income Statement, December 31, 1973?

A Yes, but I don't know if this a final, or if this is a preliminary. It's impossible for me to tell you that.

Q That appears to you to be a document that was kept in the ordinary course by your accounting department?

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Yes. But there's no rule on that, because some preliminary financial statements, if they were really -they would be changed. You see a lot of erasures on these statements where they have just been changed. That I don't know. You can ask me questions about it, I will do what I --

We're now working with a \$223,000 figure, are we not? Representing the \$313,000 less \$89,000?

That's to recapture the current year, yes. A

Now, the \$223,000 is deducted from the combined 0 net income figure of the Woodbury and the Compton branches --

A Correct.

(Continuing) To give you a net income figure for Geon Intercontinental Corp.; is that correct?

A That's correct.

MR. TIMMENY: I offer it in evidence, your

MR. STRUM: I have two questions, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION

BY MR. STRUM:

Honor.

Mr. Bloom, do you know by whom this document was prepared?

I'm sorry, I didn't look at that. I should have A

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looked at the handwriting before. I see Jim McMahon's handwriting, I see Stanley Chin's handwriting, and I think I see -- yes, I do, I see Jim McCormick's handwriting.

All three.

Q Do you know when precisely that document was prepared?

THE COURT: He said he didn't. I think he said he couldn't really tell. He thought it was an early --

THE WITNESS: It would be very hard for me to tell. When I see the net elimination entry up here of \$223,000, this could be very, very late in coming to a combining. This is not, by the way, a consolidating. If you are under that impression. This is a combining statement of Fast and West Coast divisions.

MR. TIMMENY: We will get to that.

MR. STRUM: I have no objection.

THE COURT: All right, it may be received.

MR. TIMMENY: May I ask one question respecting this document, Exhibit No. 6:

The net income figure for Geon Intercontinental is \$1,042,161 as represented on this document, Column 13, line 31?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

(SEC Exhibit No. 6 was received in

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evidence.)

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, I would like to have another document marked for identification.

(SEC Exhibit No. 7 was marked for

identification.)

DIRECT EXAMINATION (Continued)

BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q Mr. Bloom, I show you an accounting work sheet marked SEC Exhibit No. 7 for identification, and I ask you if you can identify it (handing)?

A This is the final consolidation for Geon Industries year ending 12/31/73. This is the consolidated income statement.

MR. TIMMENY: It is offered in evidence, your Honor.

MR. STRUM: No objection.

THE COURT: It will be received.

(SEC Exhibit No. 7 was received in

evidence.)

BY MR. TIMMENY:

O Mr. Bloom, does the combined figure from Gian Intercontinental appear in this document?

A Yes, it does. It's combined right here (indicating).

1	msl6 Ploom-direct 110			
2	Q Column 7, line 35?			
3	A That's correct.			
4	Q Is that combined figure lected in the			
5	consolidated figure at Column 21?			
6	A Positively.			
7	Q Line 34?			
3	A Positively.			
9	Q This consolidated figure is \$1,418,008?			
10	A Correct.			
11	O Does that last figute, \$1,418,003 correspond to			
12	the final net income figure that appears in your audited			
1.3	certified financial statements?			
14	A Yes, it does.			
15	MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, I would like to have			
16	marked as an exhibit approximately 17 pages.			
17	(SEC Exhibit No. 8 was marked for			
18	identification.)			
19	MR. TIMMENY: Just to save time, your Honor, I			
20	only intend to offer the first two pages of this exhibit,			
21	therefore, unless counsel objects			
22	THE COURT: Well, come on, let's ask a question.			
23	We'll take care of that at a recess.			
24	Q Mr. Bloom, I show you the document marked SEC			
25	Exhibit 8 for identification, and I ask if you can identify			

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Mr. Bloom, does a pre-tax income figure appear on page 2 that is the pro forma income statement?

Yes, \$3,754,000.

Thank you.

I believe you testified yesterday that this was provided to Mr. Newland in November; is that correct?

That I wasn't certain of. 'I don't know when --

I don't think -- it could have been November, it could have been later than that. I'm not sure.

Q Well, can you pin it down as to some time in December? Was it any later than December? It certainly wasn't later than the meeting in the Regency; is that correct?

A That's correct. Because that's -- no, it was at some time later than the meeting at the New York Athletic Club, because that's the first time that we met Newland.

Q But before the meeting at the Regency?

A Oh, quite definitely. I'm pretty certain.

I think there is a date in the upper left-hand corner.

Q Mr. Bloom, directing your attention to the upper left-hand corner there does appear to be a date. Can you make it out (handing)?

A I can see 28/73, but I don't know, is that 11/28? Is the original here?

Q No, I don't have the original.

A I don't know. I can't tell. But it looks like 28/73?

But in any event, you think it was before the meeting at the Regency?

A Oh, I'm fairly certain.

Q Mr. Bloom, inviting your attention to page 1 in

the pro forma balance sheet, is there a net worth figure in that balance sheet?

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A Yes.

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Q What is it?

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A The net worth figure would be \$14,900,000.

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THF COURT: Have you ever seen those papers

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before?

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MR. TIMMENY: They are their papers, your Honor.

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They were provided to us last night after the close of our

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THE COURT: All right.

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Is there any objection to receiving these docu-

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ments?

session.

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MR. STRUM: No, there is no objection, your

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Honor.

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. THE COURT: All right.

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Mark them, please.

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MR. TIMMENY: Mr. Clerk, I request that you mark

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these three documents as one exhibit.

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(SEC Exhibit No. 9 was received in

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evidence.)

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BY MR. TIMMENY:

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Q Mr. Bloom, I show you three documents that have been marked SEC Exhibit No. 9 in evidence, and I ask you if

you can identify them (handing).

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A Yes, this is the Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett draft of the purchase agreement, that's dated 12/31/73, and it looks like it says draft No. 2, but I don't know if there is a draft No. 1 that we ever received.

- Q Let me invite your attention to the very first paragraph therein, does it refer to a date?
  - Purchase agreement dated January 1974, yes.
- I now show you a second document as part of this exhibit and ask if you can identify it (handing)?

Okay. This is Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett, and it's the purchase agreement dated 2/13/74, and they have it marked, it looks like draft No. 4, but, again, I don't know if we have ever seen any intervening drafts.

- Does this also bear a reference to a date in the first paragraph?
  - Yes, this says February 1974.
- Q And finally I show you a copy of a third document contained in SEC No. 9 in evidence, and I ask if you can identify it (handing)?
- A Yes, this is a draft of the Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett agreement dated February 13, 1974. Again it looks like draft No. 4, and it's a notice. This went to the members of the board of Geon Industries, Inc.

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it's the latest draft of the purchase agreement at that point in time. It's on a memo dated February 15, 1974.

Q Does that memo indicate that this draft was sent to the board members?

A Yes, it does.

Now I invite your attention, Mr. Bloom --

MR. TIMMENY: First of all, your Honor, I offer these in evidence.

MR. STRUM: I have no objection.

THF COURT: All right, they may be received.

Q I invite your attention, Mr. Bloom, to paragraph, or item 7.2.5 in each of these agreements.

A Yes.

Q Does it contain an earnings requirement that Geon must meet?

A Do you want me to lock through each one?

Please do.

MR. STRUM: I object to the question, your Honor.

The draftsof the contract speak for themselves. As I

understand it --

THE COURT: Well, I don't know what the question is. He just asked him to look at these items, and what is the question after you asked him to look at the requirement?

1	ms22 Bloom-direct			
2	MR. TIMMENY: Does it reflect an earnings			
3	requirement			
4	THE COURT: Well, what does athe contract say			
5	about that.			
6	THE WITNESS: Yes, I'm looking at the draft of			
7	February 13, 1974. There is an earnings requirement of			
8	\$3,847,000 pre-tax for the year 1973.			
9	Q Look at the earlier drafts, to, Mr. Bloom, and			
10	see what the earnings requirements are there.			
11	A This I think is the same draft. This is			
12	exactly the same. Then 12/31/73, 2 and 7.2-5 has an			
13	earnings requirements of \$3,847,000 pre-tax for the year			
14	1973, the exact same earnings requirement.			
15	Q Isn't it a fact that the \$314,000 error that we			
16	have been discussing would have been almost 10 per cent of			
17	that earnings requirement?			
18	MR. STRUM: I object to the question, your Honor.			
19	THE COURT: Would you read the question again,			
20	Mr. Reporter.			
21	(Question read.)			
22	THE COURT: I don't think he need answer that.			
23	I guess I can figure that out.			
24	Q Mr. Bloom, I invite your attention to Paragraph			
25	7.2.6 in each of the draft contracts.			

1	ms23 Bloom-direct				
2	A Yes.				
3	Q Is there a net worth provision in that paragraph?				
4	A Yes, there is.				
5	Q What is it?				
6	A It's \$14 million. In both paragraphs both				
7	drafts of the agreement.				
8	Q Thank you.				
9	Mr. Bloom, returning to your study of the account-				
10	ing records at your offices on the morning of February 21,				
11	while you were reviewing the accounting records did you come				
12	up with other matter that might have been erroneous in				
13	addition to the \$314,000 we're discussing?				
14	A Yes.				
15	Q Will you describe that situation, please?				
16	A The preliminary earnings figures on some of the				
17	branch operating divisions were coming in too low and they				
18	were basically too low in the area of gross profit margin.				
19	Q Isn't it a fact that with the \$314,000 you had				
20	a combined earnings shortfall of about \$700,000 on the				
21	morning of the 21st while you were examining these documents?				
22	MR. STRUM: I object to the question, your				
23	Honor.				
24	THE COURT: Can you answer that?				
25	THE WITNESS: We did not know the extent of our				

1	ms24 Bloom-direct				
2	earnings shortfall at that time because the figures were				
3	much too preliminary.				
4	THE COURT: All right.				
5	Q Were there preliminary indications that the				
6	amount was \$700,000 earnings shortfall?				
7	A Yes.				
8	Q And this \$700,000 figure would have included the				
9	314 we have been discussing?				
10	A That's correct.				
11	Q Would this \$700,000 shortfall have brought the				
12	company below the minimum income requirement in the acquisition				
13	contract?				
14	A Yes, that's correct.				
15	Q After you reviewed these accounting records				
16	yourself with Mr. McMahon you left for the board meeting;				
17	is that correct?				
18	A That's correct.				
19	Q When you left for the board meeting you were				
20	50 to 60 per cent sure, were you not? that the \$314,000 had				
21	been incorrectly included in earnings?				
22	A Yes.				
23	Q Now turning our attention to the board meeting,				
24	where was the board meeting scheduled?				
25	A It was at Kaye Schoeler's office.				

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	1	ms25	Bloom-direct
	2	Q	Did you go directly to Kaye Schoeler's offices?
	3	Α	Yes, we did.
	4	Q	What time did you arrive there?
	5	A	Approximately 2.30.
	6	Q	Who was accompanying you?
	7	. A	Peter Neuwirth.
	8	Q	Who did you meet when you arrived at Kay
	9	Schoeler's	offices?
17	10	A	We met with Lou Korman and Jack Friedman.
	11	Q	Did you have a conversation with them?
	12	A	Yes, we did.
	13	Q	Would you tell us about that conversation?
	14	A	We indicated to them that we had gotten some
	15	very preli	minary numbers in from the various operating
	16	divisions	in anticipation of this meeting, and that although
	17	we felt th	at the numbers were not reliable in any sense of
	18	the word,	we didn't like the way they looked because it
	19	looked like	e we might have a possible earnings show 1.
	20	And we had	tried to contact them earlier in the day to see
	21	if we could	d postpone the meeting until we were able to do a
	22	little more	e additional work, and we were unable to. And
	23	so we phone	ed ahead and said that we would be in there a
	24	little bit	earlier.
	25	Q	Did you ever indicate to anyone that you told Mr.

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1	ms26 Bloom-direct
2	Friedman and Mr. Korman that the situation was scary?
3	A I don't recall. I could have.
4	O Do you recall testifying before the SEC officers
5	on March 4th, 1974?
6	A Yes.
7	MR. STRUM: Could you give me a page reference?
8	MR. TIMMENY: Page 28. The question isn't
9	much help. I would just like to begin reading from the
10	middle of the answer. I will begin
11	THE COURT: Wait a minute. If you're going
12	to read anything, read the question then the answer.
13	MR. TIMMENY: I will have to go back some, your
14	Honor.
15	THE COURT: How long are you going to read?
16	MR. TIMMENY: The question is:
17	"Who is we?"
18	He is describing he had come into the meeting.
19	THE COURT: Go ahead.
20	MR. TIMMENY: (Reading:)
21	"Q Who is we? Peter and I"
22	THE COURT: Read the answer.
23	MR. TIMMENY: "Peter and I. We went into
24	the city at that point and we met Mr. Korman right in rapid
25	succession, I guess, Mr. Friedman and I think just those
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two initially. And we said, look, something is crazy. We don't understand it at this point, but it's scary, and what do we do? We didn't have time to really do anything else at this time. Members of the board were on their way to the meeting."

Q Do you recall that question being asked and that answer being given?

A Yes, I do.

THE COURT: All right, we will have to take a two-minute recess.

(Recess.)

THE COURT: Proceed.

## BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q Mr. Bloom, who was in attendance at the board meeting on February 21?

A Peter Neuwirth, George Neuwirth, Otto Hays, Jack Friedman, Lou Korman, Robert Barbanell, Russ Morrison. I think that's all.

Q Approximately what time did the meeting get started?

A Very shortly thereafter. 3 o'clock, perhaps, 3.15. Someth ing like that.

Q About how long did it last?

A I think about an hour and a half or an hour and a

quarter or something. Someth ing on that order.

Q Did you report certain matters to the board concerning these accounting problems that had cropped up?

A Yes, I did.

Q Will you tell us what you told the board?

a Well, we indicated that --first of all I discussed the reversal item that hadn't been made, this \$314,000, and I pretty much dispensed with that without very much discussion, because it wasn't germane. That didn't affect the area where we were appearing to have a shorfall of the --the \$700,000 shortfall was at the branch operations. It really had nothing to do with the \$314,000 at the warehouse. Just you ended up with \$700,000 after correcting the \$314,000.

So that discussion centered about the fact about the branch operating gross profits were coming in much too low, and that we felt that this constituted an error to a great degree, that there were just errors or something omitted, and discussion went on to all of the very obvious things, if a couple of branches had been left out that would account for the whole \$700,000.

- Q It might help if I ask you a question.
- A Surely.
- Q By the time of this discussion weren't you also

THE COURT: You don't recall it?

THE WITNESS: I don't recall.

know ---

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Q Do you recall testifying on March 4th before officers of the SEC?

A Yes, I do.

MR. TIMMENY: Page 2, your Honor, and Counsel.
Beginning with the question at line 2.

Q "Q To the total of maybe 700,000.

"A To a total of more, about 900,000 total.

"Q How did it get from 7 to 9?

"A Okay. At that point in addition we had a pre-tax number on our --" it says after vacation, and it should say aviation --

"Aviation Export Division that indicated that their gross margins were off to the tune of about \$180,000.

"Q Which is what per cent?

"A It's a whopper. It's about 4 per cent of their -- it's 4 per cent out of 38 per cent, so it's about 10 per cent of their normal gross profit margin."

Do you recall those gudstions being asked and do you recall giving those answers?

A That's correct. Yes, I do.

MR. TIMMENY: Incidentally, your Honor. I want to offer this entire transcript as an admission, as containing admissions against the interest of Mr. Bloom.

THE COURT: If you are going to offer it I want

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you to mark it. I am not going to read the whole transcript.

MR. TIMMENY: We will mark it and indicate to you --

THE COURT: Make a list of the pages you want me to read.

MR. TIMMENY: I will do that, your Honor.
THE COURT: All right.

Now, in your experience with Geon had you ever had a year-end problem approaching a shortfall of \$900,000 before?

A Never.

Q Was there any discussion at the board meeting as to whether the earnings shortfall would affect the acquisition?

MR. STRUM: I object, your Honor. There was no discussion of an earnings shortfall as implied in Mr. Timmeny's question.

THE COURT: Well, I thought the question was whether this matter of this shortfall, if that is what you call it, was discussed in relationship to the possibility of the Burmah acquisition.

Is that the question?

MR. TIMMENY: That is the question, your Honor.

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THF COURT: Was it? Do you remember?

THE WITNESS: I would say there had to be some discussion at the meeting, yes.

MR. STRUM: Well, the burden of my objection, your Honor, is not the nature of the discussion, but Mr. Timmeny in his guestion characterized it as "an earnings shortfall".

THE COURT: Well, I don't know what that means, but there has been a lot of talk, he has mentioned shortfall, and I don't know what it means either, but I won't stop him on his characterization. I want him to explain to me at some point what it is.

All right. You have answered the question, yes, there was some discussion.

Q Would you tell us about that discussion?

A I don't recall a lot of the detail of the discussion, but I am certain the point came up that if in fact we did have this earnings shortfall, then either the deal might be broken or we would have to renegotiate the deal.

O Did you tell the board that you were going to go check these figures further?

A Yes, I did.

Q Did you tell the board how much time you thought it would take you to check on the figures?

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Bloom-direct ms33 1 A Yes, I felt that we might have something more 2 concrete to talk about by some time late Sunday. 3 I'm sorry, I didn't hear that. I said that I told the board that we might have something more concrete to talk about by late Sunday, and 6 that we would have everybody working on this stuff, including the Arthur Andersen people through that weekend so that -in fact, I think at that point we scheduled a board meeting for the following Sunday night tentatively with the hope that we would have enough work done to at least come up with some answers, or find out that the whole thing was just a mistake.

Was there any discussion at the meeting to the effect that you would be in a position to contact the Amex by Sunday night?

The American Stock Exchange?

That I don't recall.

Was there any discussion at all of the meeting with respect to contacting the American Stock Exchange?

I don't recall that, either. I would not have paid much attention to --

THE COURT: Well, that's all right, but you don't recall any anyway?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

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At the board meeting was there my discussion concerning keeping a watch on the market activity in Geon shares?

A Yes.

What was said in that regard?

A There was some discussion either at the very tail end of the meeting, or maybe for a few minutes as the meeting broke up, indicating that the stock should be monitored the next day for any unusual activity, because there's always a concern with the fact that a rumor can get out and that you don't have complete confidentiality.

Q All right.

Now, who was party to this discussion concerning watching the market activity?

A I don't know all the parties to it. I know that Jack Friedman would have been party to the discussion, myself, because I recall the discussion, perhaps Lou Korman.

But I am conjecturing on the others, because I don't recall --

THE COURT: You and Friedman?

THE WITNESS: Oh, very definitely.

THE COURT: Gentlemen, we will take a luncheon

recess now until a quarter of two. You can leave your papers here. All right, until a quarter of two.

(Luncheon recess.)

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## AFTERNOON SESSION

(1.45 p.m.)

FRANK R L O O M , resumed

MR. TIMMENY: May I proceed, your Honor?

THE COURT: Please do, yes.

DIRECT EXAMINATION (Continued)

BY MR. TIMMENY:

Mr. Bloom, about halfway through the evening of February 21, say approximately 10, 10.30 or so, you had a phone conversation with Mr. Neuwirth, did you not?

That's correct.

And you told Mr. Neuwirth that the \$313,000 item was a definite error, did you not?

Yes, I did.

By the time you left the offices to go home you said that was about 12. 15 a.m.?

Yes.

You were absolutely sure the \$313,000 in intercompany profits had been absolutely improperly included in Geon's earnings?

MR. STRUM: Objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: He said it was included.

Could you repeat this statement to me?

MR. TIMMENY: Mr. Reporter, would you read back

I had time only to determine that this mechanical problem that I mentioned was for sure.

> "Q The 314,000?

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"A Yes. Absolutely.

"0 What else?

> "MR. DRAKE: You said for sure. And you

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said a definite error a minute ago.

"A This item had been booked incorrectly and that the correct booking of it would result in a \$311,000 deduction in profit.

"MR. DRAKE: This is the bottom line profit.

"A Right down to the bottom line. Now I lost the other part."

Do you recall those questions being asked and giving those answers?

A Yes, I do.

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, I offer that portion of the testimony again as an admission.

THE COURT: Well, we know what you are talking about, it is in the record. It is in the offer, you don't need to offer it.

THE WITNESS: May I expand on the answer?

THE COURT: You will get a chance to.

Go ahead and ask your question.

Q Now, on Friday morning, Mr. Bloom, about what time did you arrive in your offices?

A Approximately 9.15 to 9.30 I would think.

Q Did you have a telephone conversation at that time with Mr. John Friedman of the law firm of Kaye Schoeler?

A At the time I first arrived or at any time that

Did you have a phone conversation with Mr. Friedman shortly after you came to the office? Now, this has nothing to do with any phone call from Mr. Gromet.

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Do you recall the conversation shortly after

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coming to the office with Mr. Friedman, a telephone conversation?

A Prior to this conversation?

Q Yes, prior to the conversation that you had after Gromet called?

A No, I don't think so.

Q You indicated that your secretary told you that Mr. Gromet from the American Stock Exchange was on the phone?

A Yes. And as I indicated, I asked if I could call him back; she said, no, that he said he had to speak to me, and so I said, fine, and put him on hold and tell him I will pick him up in a couple of minutes. At that point --

Q Let me ask you:

At that point what did you do, did you call Mr. Friedman?

A Yes, I did. While Randy Gromet was on the hold I called Jack Friedman up. I told him that I have call to me from Randy, that he wants to speak to me, I don't know what it's about, and I discussed with him, you know, what can I discuss with Randy at this time?

And he said to me, well, what's the position, what do you know today compared to yesterday, or something to that

effect, did we know anything more at this point in time.

I don't know if I discussed the \$311 or 13 or 14,000 dollars with him at that point in the conversation, but I said to him, no, we haven't nearly started to do any of the work that's involved here.

He said, well then, you are not in a position to then I gather you are not in a position to make any announcement of any kind or release any information.

I said, absolutely not.

He said --

Q Excuse me. Let's make one point clear -MR. STRUM: May Mr. Bloom please finish his

answer, your Honor?

THE COURT: That's all right. I think I understand that.

What is your question?

MR. TIMMENY: I want to make one point clear, your Honor. I would like to ask this question:

Q Did you or did you not tell Mr. Friedman that you were certain that the \$313,000 item was an error?

A I don't know if I did, but that item would not have given me any point of concern either then or before.

And when I elaborate later onI will explain fully to you.

I tried one time before.

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Yes, he did.

company to account for the imbalance of orders?

He asked you if there was a problem at the

That I'm not sure. I don't know if he asked directly about the company or if he asked about the Burmah

deal. If it was still in reference to the deal.

That I'm not certain of. He may have asked me is there
a problem with the company that's having an effect on the
Burmah deal. I really don't recall.

Q Well, let's try and pin it down.

Is it your testimony that you recall him asking you about the Burmah deal?

A Yes, very definitely.

Q He asked you about the status of the deal?

A Very definitely.

Q Did he ask you whether there was anything pending with respect to the deal that would account for the imbalance of orders?

A Yes, his question was directed, if I'm not mistaken, towards the inordinate amount of time it took from the time we made the first announcement that we had an agreement in principle until we had a final signed agreement. And I explained to him over the phone that the -- when the agreement in principle was made there was really zero done at that point in time in terms of the form of the deal.

In fact, I explained to him that at that point we hadn't even known if it was to be a purchase of assets or a tender offer. That's how raw the original deal was.

And that although the deal ended on a friendly handshake and a champagne party afterward, that when it came down to the final negotiations for a purchase contract agreeable to both parties it took an awful lot of work and an awful lot of bargaining down the road, because in fact if you were to compare the first version of the contract that we got from Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett --

Q Is this part of your conversation with Mr. Gromet, or are you explaining something?

A Now I'm explaining to you that if you will compare the two contracts you will see that there is a world of difference between the final --

Q Stick to your conversation.

THE COURT: Just what you told Mr. Gromet.

A That's basically what I tried to explain to him over the phone. That the time span involved was that in which the time was spent in hammering Out a contract that would be acceptable to both parties.

And he asked me if the company had any announcement to make this morning, that morning, and I said no, the company has no announcements to make, and then he said to me, well, I hope you are not going to tell me that you are not making an announcement this morning, but that -- and then you will make an announcement this afternoon.

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I said, Randy, the company definitely has no announcement to make today. I specifically made that point.

Q You told Mr. Gromet that there were no problems with the Burmah deal?

A That's correct.

Q And you told Mr. Gromet that there were no problems with the company that would account for this imbalance of trading?

A I don't recall if I addressed myself directly to the company or the company in relation to the Burmah deal. That I'm not certain of.

Q Again referring to your testimony of March 4th before the SEC officers under oath, page 66, beginning at line 21 -- I'm sorry, beginning at line 18:

"Q So when you talked to the people at the American Stock Exchange can you tell me what was the substance of that conversation?

"A Yes Randy said to me, I think he said,
I have an imbalance of sell orders but it's nothing,
you know, nothing spectacular. I think he said,
the arbitrage guys would pick up most of it and the
spread wasn't too much. He said, is there a problem
with Burmah, or, you know, some problem with the

1	ms45 Bloom-direct 135
2	company. So I said, no. Either that or he said,
3	are you going to make an announcement of any kind,
4	so I said, no, the company is not going to make an
5	announcement."
6	Do you recall that question being asked and
7	giving that answer?
8	A That's correct.
9	MR. STRUM: I would like to point out Mr.
10	Timmeny has stopped reading in the middle of the answer.
11	The answer continues.
12	MR. TIMMENY: The answer continues, your Honor,
13	but
14	THE COURT: Do you want the whole answer?
15	MR. TIMMENY: Pardon me?
16	THE COURT: Do you want the whole answer?
17	MR. STRUM: I think if Mr. Timmeny is going to
18	put to Mr. Bloom whether he was asked this question and

gave that answer he --

THE COURT: All right, read the rest of the answer.

MR. TIMMFNY: I will read the rest of the answer, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

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MR. TIMMENY: "So he said, well, I don't know

if he said this before or after, he said there was a lot of concern because of the negotiations of the signing of a definite agreement. It seemed to drag on for an excessive amount of time. And I said, Randy, you have to understand that this agreement was done, this agreement in principle was made on a super friendly basis and hammering out of the contract is another thing completely. That is what takes time.

"So then he said, well, he said, are you going to make an announcement today, this morning? And I said, no. The company is not going to make an announcement this morning.

"He said, well, I hope you are not going to make an announcement this afternoon. And I said to him, no, we are not going to make an announcement today at all, period.

"And I think at that time he said, hold on a minute, and put me on hold for a minute or two, and he said, I got a call from the floor and the --" it's a typo, it should be they -- "let the stock open and it's off a quarter, or something like that, and I said fine, Randy, if we have something definitive to tell you I'll call you up. He knows before the

first Burmah announcement was made over the phone for hours any language that was acceptable to him."

That's the end of the response.

Q Do you recall the question that he asked and do you recall giving that answer?

A Yes, I do.

MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, at this time I would like to request of counsel for Geon the remaining public announcements through the month of March that we subpoensed.

MR. STRUM: We gave them to you yesterday, BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q Mr. Bloom, one further question with respect to this phone conversation with Mr. Gromet of the American Stock Exchange.

A Yes.

Q Did you note approximately what time the phone conversation concluded?

A No, I didn't. The phone conversation ended on the note that the floor had called him and that the floor had allowed the stock to open, and in fact he indicated to me that there was no point in our discussing anything any further because the stock was only off an eighth or a quarter and it looked like there was nothing spectacular

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MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, I would like to have marked a two-page document.

(SEC Exhibit No. 10 was marked for

MR. STRUM: No objection, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, it may be received in

(SEC Exhibit No. 10 was received in

MR. TIMMENY: I have no further questions of Mr. Bloom at this time, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

Well, Mr. Strum, you are next here. Are you ready to proceed?

MR. STRUM: Yes, I am, your Honor.

THE COURT: Go right ahead.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. STRUM:

Q Mr. Bloom, would you please state your educational background and briefly summarize your employment before you came to Geon?

A Yes.

I have an undergraduate degree from the Baruch

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I have a graduate degree from NYU. I'm a CPA -THE COURT: In what? What was your graduate

5 schooling?

THE WITNESS: In business and accounting education.

A (Continuing) Im a New York State Certified

Public Accountant. I work primarily in the area of public accounting.

Prior to coming to Geon, except for the year preceding my employment at Geon, I worked for the management corporation that operates the Brookhaven National Laboratory and the Green Bank Radio Astronomy Observatory, that is a management corporation that is a non-profit organization operated under the aegis of the board of directors from the various major universities around the United States that are involved in research.

THE COURT: What is that called, the Association of Universities?

THE WITNESS: Associated Universities, yes, sir.

THE COURT: Associated Universities.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

Q Does that pretty much bring you up to your employment with Geon?

	1	ms50 Bloom-cross
	2	A Yes, it does.
20	3	Q What is your title? What office do you
	4	hold with Geon?
	5	A With Geon Industries?
	6	Q Yes.
	7	A I'm financial vice-president and secretary.
	8	Q Does Geon Industries presently have an agreement
	9	with Burmah with regard to the acquisition of Geon's assets?
	10	A Yes, it does.
	11	Q Could you just briefly summarize the principal
	12	terms of that agreement.
	13	A The terms of the agreement are the purchase
	14	by Burmah through a U. S. subsidiary of all of the assets
	15	of Geon Industries. Geon Industries is a holding
	16	company, and all of its assets primarily consist of its
	17	investments in its subsidiaries, the stock of the sub-
	18	sidiaries.
	19	Q Is there presently scheduled a shareholders
	20	meeting of Geon at which time the shareholders will vote
6	21	with regard to this transaction?
	22	A Yes, there is. The meeting is scheduled for
	23	July 2nd.
	24	Q If the shareholders approve of this transaction
	25	is it anticipated that the transaction will close shortly

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THE COURT: What is that?

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THE WITNESS: These are separate operating divisions of the company, your Honor.

- Can you list those, Mr. Bloom, please?
- We have the East Coast warehouse which I have

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2 also referred to --

THE COURT: You talk about divisions and you talk about subsidiaries and you talk about Geon being a holding company. Are these divisions or subsidiaries?

They are divisions that operate as profit centers and sub-

THE WITNESS: They are both, your Honor.

THE COURT: So Geon is an operating as well as a holding company?

THE WITNESS: No. Geon Industries itself is only a holding company. The divisions are of a subsidiary.

THE COURT: That is what I am trying to get at.

And the Burmah deal involves the stock of the holding company.

THE WITNESS: It involves the stock of the subsidiaries held by the holding company, yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

## BY MR. STRUM:

Q Could you list the individual profit centers that you referred to?

A Yes. The East Coast warehouse which I have also referred to as the Woodbury warehouse, the West Coast warehouse, the East Coast branches, which are actually broken up into some regional groups, the West Coast branches,

Geon International Corporation which is an automotive export operation, separate and distinct, American Aviation Manufacturing Corporation, which is an exporter of aviation replacement parts, also separate and distinct, and Geon G.M.B.H., I'm using an abbreviated terminology for it, that's an export company located in Hamburg, Germany.

Q Now, in your testimony and elsewhere you have referred to gross profit percentages?

A Yes.

Q Can you explain what you mean when you use the term "gross profit percentages"?

A Yes. The gross profit percentage is the percentage of profit achieved on the sale after subtracting from the sale the cost of making that sale, the cost of the merchandise sold. To determine the gross profit percentage for a year, or, conversely, to determine the cost of goods sold for the year, you would take the opening inventory at the beginning of the year, you would add to it purchases, freighting, any other items that go into the cost of the goods sold, and then subtract from that the closing inventory at the end of the mear. And the amount that is left is the cost of goods sold. The goods sold wing the year.

Q Toward the end of the year 1973 did you have as working numbers in your mind in your work papers those

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Bloom-cross

gross profit percentages that you would need at each one of your so-called profit centers in order to attain your anticipated earnings of \$3,800,000 for the year 1973?

- A Yes, we did.
- Q What percentage were you focusing on at your
  East Coast warehouse as that percentage you would need to
  meet your anticipated earnings?
  - A Approximately 36 per cent.
  - Q 36 per cent?
  - A That's correct.
- Q I want to direct your attention to the week, the period of a week immediately prior to the February 21, 1974 board meeting of Geon.
  - A Yes.
  - Q I want to focus on that.

Now, during that week did you receive data with regard to how the gross profit percentage was starting to look, starting to shape up at the East Coast warehouse?

- A Yes, I did.
- Q What did that data indicate as to how it was looking at the Fast Coast warehouse?
- A The original data indicated that we were achieving a gross profit percentage of around 41 per cent or
  better at the East Coast warehouse.

1	ms55 Bloom-cross 145
2	Q Which is approximately 5 per cent greater than
3	the gross profit percentage you needed at the East Coast
4	warehouse to meet your anticipated earnings?
5	A Exactly.
6	Q With regard to a \$314,000 error that has
7	received some discussion here, you testified that there
8	came a time when you discovered that indeed there was a
9	\$314,000 error?
10	A That's correct.
11	Q Before that error was corrected, Mr. Bloom, did
12	the making of that error create the data that made it appear
13	as if the gross profit percentage at the East Coast ware-
14	house was
15	THE COURT: Wait a minute now. I am having a
16	little trouble understanding the guestion.
17	Did it create? I can't quite follow that.
18	MR. STRUM: I will rephrase my question, your
19	Honor.
20	THE COURT: Thank you very much.
21	Q Did the fact of the error, the \$314,000 error,
22	did that contribute to the appearance of a gross profit
23	percentage in the 40 per cent range?

percentage in the 40 per cent range?

A Precisely.

THE COURT: The 41 per cent, I think you said.

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1	ms56 Bloom-cross 150
2	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
3	THE COURT: That I can understand.
4	Including that amount you got up to 41 per
5	cent.
6	THE WITNESS: Precisely, your Honor.
7	THE COURT: And when you took it off you got
8	down to 39?
9	THE WITNESS: 37-1/2, your Honor. Then ultim-
10	ately back to 39.
11	THE COURT: All right.
12	BY MR. STRUM:
13	Q Then you corrected the error?
14	A That's correct.
15	Q The \$314,000 error?
16	A That's correct.
17	Q And as a result of the correction of the error
18	it looked lik the gross profit percentage at the East Coast
19	warehouse was 37 per cent?
20	MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, I am going to object
21	THE COURT: Please don't, please don't just
22	repeat what he said. He just told me that. We have

FOLEY SQUARE, NEW YORK, N.Y. CO 7-4580

attained at the East Coast warehouse after all the audit

What was the final gross profit percentage

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had that all out.

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- A In excess of 39 per cent.
- Q As compared to the 36 per cent that you needed to meet your anticipated earnings for 1973?
  - A That's correct.
  - Q 3 per cent higher?
  - A That's precisely correct.
- Q Mr. Bloom, I would like now to turn to another subject. I would like you to direct your attention, if you would, to the events of the morning of February 21, the day of the board meeting.
  - A Yes.
- Q Did you receive any data from Mr. McMab with regard to the branches?
  - A Yes, I did.
  - Q What did that data indicate, Mr. Bloom?
- A That data indicated that the branches were assuming in with preliminary gross profits that were substantially less than those we had anticipated and that the branches' gross profits would be off in the neighborhood of 6, 7, 800,000 dollars if that data were correct.
- Q On Thursday morning, Mr. Bloom, what was your belief as to the veracity and reliability of that data?
  - A I thought it was absolutely ridiculous.

Q Can you tell me why you thought it was absolutely ridiculous?

A Well, item 1, we have never experienced a gross profit problem either at the warehouses or at the branches in any prior periods.

Item 2, we monitor in a mechanical way the approximate gross profit percentages being achieved based on mix by the branches during the course of the year, and there were absolutely no indications that their gross profits would be off that far.

Based upon their historical growth profits we had reported for the first nine months earnings pre-tax about \$2,900,000.

Q The data that you received from Mr. McMahon on Thursday morning, was there any breakdown as to expenses?

A No. Expenses were all in one line item.

There is no detail available on anything. As a matter of fact, no final inventory figures were set forth in balance sheet form, no intercompany accounts had been reconciled, no account payable accounts had been reconciled.

There asn't a section of the balance sheet that was done, there wasn't any of the detail on operating expenses that was done. Nothing was done on the bad debt -- I could go on and on endlessly.

Q Thereafter you left the premises of Geon and you traveled into New York for the board meeting; is that correct?

A Yes.

Q You described earlier than the first people you spoke to were Mr. Friedman and Mr. Korman?

A That's correct.

Q Thereafter the other members of the board arrived?

A Yes. Within very short order.

Q Would you tell me, please, Mr. Bloom, what you said to the board as best you can recall with regard to the numbers?

A I said that we had some very preliminary data that has been accumulated far in advance of any time we would normally try to accumulate this data, and only because of this meeting which was a special meeting. We would never have a meeting concerning any year-end result that early in 1974.

I indicated that the data that we had was not believable but because there were such wide discrepancies in it that it was incumbent that we have some discussion about this because they were there to approve the Burmah contract which had an earnings condition in it.

Did you discuss specifically with the directors

the \$314,000 item?

A The only reason it came up in discussion was that I said that one of the reasons that just strengthens the fact that we thought the numbers were so ridiculous was because here was a silly mechanical error that was made at this stage in the game, and there could be a dozen more like this. And, as a matter of fact, there were other mechanical errors made before we finally got the year-end results.

- Q So that is it fair to say, Mr. Bloom, that at the board meeting you told them about this \$314,000 error?
  - A Absolutely.
- Q And you explained to them the consequence of that error?
  - A That's correct.
  - Q Including Mr. Friedman who was present?
- A That's correct.
  - Q Was there any discussion at the meeting concerning the necessity for keeping the conversations that had taken place confidential?
    - A Yes.
    - Q What was the discussion on that subject?
  - A The discussion was that we had some information here that was unconfirmed, and at that point totally

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unreliable, and we had a pending transaction of very great import with the Burmah people and so, consequently, anything that wenton at that meeting was to be kept in utmost confidence.

Q I take it that at that time a board meeting was set up for Sunday night?

A That's correct. That was based upon my estimate of the time it would take for us to go through some of the major mechanical areas.

THE COURT: What date was that Sunday meeting, do you remember?

THE WITNESS: That would be, I think, the 24th, your Honor. Friday was the 22nd.

MR. STRUM: Yes. That Sunday would be the 24th.

THE WITNESS: I might also add that I stressed to the board at that time --

THE COURT: You mean at the 24th or the 22nd?

THE WITNESS: At the 22nd meeting, that the best we could do by Sunday, the 24th, was to have just covered some of the very big, major areas. That we could not have all gone through anything that I would consider an audit function, and that our other accountants who had come in had not begun their audit work on the two major areas

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of the company, that is inventory and receivable. That's 30 million out of a 34 million-dollar balance sheet.

Mr. Bloom, Thursday evening, as you have testified, you went back to the Geon premises; is that correct?

That's correct.

Would you tell me specifically what you did when you got there?

The first item I addressed myself to was the \$314,000, and I went back through that to see if I could find out if it had been misposted, perhaps, to another account. In other words, if the entry had actually been properly reversed, because it's a mechanical process that should just occur automatically. As an accountant I can say that. It's hard to explain to somebody else. To see whether it had been done or misposted to another account.

Again, because we have such a voluminous general ledger, so many various accounts. And it still could have been sitting, for instance, in an intercompany account. Very easily sitting in one of those accounts, because we have numerous intercompany accounts, and none of those had been reconciled at that point.

MR. TIMMENY: I will object to this unless he can tie it to someone else. I don't think we should have his conjecture as to where it could be or couldn't be.

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THE COURT: Yes.

MR. STRUM: Your Honor, my question, if I recall, was, I was asking Mr. Bloom what he did when he got back. I was not asking --

THE COURT: That's right. Well, ask him what he did and tell us what you did when you got back.

THE WITNESS: I went through the mechanical process of checking the 314,000 out to the best of my ability that night, and then we went through the --

THE COURT: "We" is you, I take it?

THE WITNESS: No, I worked with Jim McMahon.

I don't deal with the work papers.

THE COURT: All right. You worked with Jim McMahon.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: What did you do with Jim McMahon?

THE WITNESS: We then went through and did some of the very obvious things on some of the initial inventory figures that had come in, and that was to see that -- all we had available to us in any detail was the East Coast of the United States, and not all of that.

BY MR. STRUM:

Q Let me interrupt you for a moment, Mr. Bloom.

Yes.

Q Leaving aside the \$314,000 entry which you examined, did you address yourself during the course of that evening to the \$800,000 apparent shortfall at the branches?

A Only to a portion of that, and we couldn't really address ourselves to it properly. As I indicated, as I started to indicate, the only process I went through was to look for the obvious things, to see if of the branches that we had detail on, if one or two branches, if their closing inventories had not been booked up, because that could wipe out the difference immediately, just like that.

Also to see whether some of the accumulated totals that were carried forward on work sheets, if there was just a mechanical footing error.

As a matter of fact, I did find one of about \$5000 at that point. But that was just one item that popped off the page.

I think I have indicated before that there are certain things that accountants do, and that's after adding up a series of numbers you look at it and say, well, does it make sense, can all of these add up to a million dollars, or can they only possibly add up to \$250,000, something like that.

You testified that you left the premises of Geon

1	ms65 Bloom-cross 155
2	at approximately 12.15 a.m.?
3	A Yes.
4	Q When you left the premises at 12.15 a.m. what
5	was the state of your belief as to the veracity and the
6	reliability of the data that indicated a \$800,000 shortfall
7	at the branches?
8	MR. TIMMENY: Your Honor, are we going to tie
9	this to some conversation with somebody?
10	THE COURT: That is a pretty broad question.
11	I think if you want to ask him whatever review he made of
12	this \$800,000 shortfall, did it look to you at 12.15 a.m.
13	when you left Geon, if that is the question
14	THE WITNESS: It looked as ridiculous as it did
15	earlier on.
16	THE COURT: It looked ridiculous.
17	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
18	THE COURT: All right.
19	BT MR. STRUM:
20	Q You didn't believe it.
21	THE COURT: Well, he didn't say that. He said it
22	looked ridiculous.
23	Q Did you believe it?
24	A No, I did not.
25	Q When you left the premises at 12.15 did you know

1	ms65 Bloom-cross 160
2	that Mr. McMahon was a stockholder in Geon?
3	A No, I did not.
4	Q Did you have any discussion with Mr. McMahon
5	about the stock of Geon?
6	A Never.
7	Q Did he tell you that he was going to go home and
8	call his broker?
9	A No.
10	THE COURT: Did you tell me you were secretary
11	of the company?
12	THE WITNESS: Yes, I am.
13	THE COURT: You are secretary?
14	THE WITNESS: Yes.
15	THE COURT: And your company had a transfer
16	agent?
17	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir, Marine Midland.
18	THE COURT: You have annual meetings, do you?
19	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.
20	THE COURT: And your job as secretary, does that
21	have anything to do with the annual meetings, proxies and
22	this kind of thing?
23	THE WITNESS: Yes, but I wouldn't send or tabulate
24	that's done by the transfer agent.
25	THE COURT: But do you review the stockholders

ms 67

#### Bloom-cross

list to see who the stockholders are and whether their proxies --

mailed automatically by the transfer agent. They're mailed directly back to the transfer agent, and tabulated by them. In fact, we don't even see the tabulation of the proxies until we come to the meeting.

THE COURT: He has a stockholders list, doesn't he?

THE WITNESS: Oh , yes. In fact, we get one quarterly to mail the interim statements to shareholders.

THE COURT: Excuse me, I didn't mean to interrupt.

I think maybe we'll take a five-minute recess, gentlemen'

(Recess.)

MR. STRUM: May I proceed, your Honor?
THE COURT: Please do.

#### BY MR. STRUM:

Q Mr. Blum, you have testified that you spoke on the telephone with Mr. Gromet on Friday morning?

A That's correct.

Q February 22. Prior tyour phone conversation with Mr. Gromet did you have any opportunity to do additional work on numbers?

A No, the only thing that occurred that morning,

Peter Neuwirth and I were sitting in his office trying to allocate the work load among various people on our staff, and also to enlist the aid of some of the Arthur Andersen people that were on audit to come and actually work and assist the company in checking out all of these various areas that we wished to go into.

Q In testifying earlier about your conversation with Mr. Gromet you mentioned that he said something about an imbalance in sell orders. Can you tell me what he said on that subject?

A Yes. He indicated to me that they had sell orders for approximately 10,000 shares, and I don't recall if he said the buyers or the arbitrageurs were either willing to pick up 6000 or 8000 shares, but there wasn't a great imbalance in the shares for sale and the buyers around at that point in time.

Q During the course of the conversation with Mr. Gromet, Mr. Bloom, was there any interruption of any sort?

THE COURT: Any interruption?

MR. STRUM: Interruption, your Honor, yes.

THE COURT: All right.

A Yes, there was.

Q Can you describe that, please?

A He interrupted me, or, stopped speaking himself

ms69 Bloom-cross at some point. He said, hold on a second, the floor is calling. And he put me on hold for, I would guess a minute or so, maybe less than a minute. And he got back on and he said, either that was the floor, or that was the floor trader calling, they had let the stock open and it's opened off, either an eighth or a quarter, and I guess there's nothing more to talk about. And I said, fine, Randy, you know, I'll be talking to you. We said good-bye. Did you spend the weekend working with the numbers, Mr. Bloom? THE COURT: Which weekend is this?

The weekend of Saturday, February 23rd, and Sunday, February 24th?

Yes, I did. All of us did for that matter.

Did there come a time when you reached some conclusions about the \$8000,000 shortfall?

Yes.

Would you tell me about that?

THE COURT: Well, tell us first when you reached a conclusion.

A I would say by some time on Sunday.

THE COURT: What was that conclusion?

THE WITNESS: The conclusion was that we had a

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shortfall in gross profit at the branches because our pricing structure had failed to take into account certain factors. The major one of which was the branches' freight cost which becomes part of their cost of goods sold. Consequently they were achieving a lower gross profit than we thought they were achieving, and that they thought they were achieving. THE COURT: Will you tell me in simple terms why

that is the case?

THE WITNESS: Well, because they sell their merchandise subject to various discount structures, but they sell against basically a fixed list price. And their cost would normally be the cost of the merchandise sold, plus the freight in cost, or the cost to receive the merchandise at the branch location.

That's part of the cost of that article. However, their pricing information that they had available to them did not include a freight factor for the cost of bringing that merchandise to the branch since that's not available in any uniform form. It varies with the location of the branch. Consequently their pricing structure was established without any --

THE COURT: I have difficulty comprehending these accounting problems. Wouldn't that mean if they

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didn't include the freight cost they would include the items sold at a lower cost than if they have?

THE WITNESS: No, they would be selling an item that cost them more than they thought it did. So consequently they have achieved a lower gross profit. An item that they thought cost them \$1 actually cost them \$1.02 or \$1.03.

THE COURT: Supposing they had an item that cost them \$1 and they had tincluded the freight cost for the item to bring it to the branch, and say that was 10 cents, so the cost would be a cost which they put in at \$1 would in fact be \$1.10, wouldn't it?

THE WITNESS: That's correct. So that if they sold the item for \$1.50 and they thought they were making 50 cents, they really weren't.

THE COURT: They were making 40 cents.

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: All right.

## BY MR. STRUM:

This was a freight factor between your warehouse and your branches?

Primarily, yes.

Was there in fact a board meeting held on Sunday, February 24th?

2	A Yes, there was.
3	THE COURT: If there wasn't I would be very
4	
5	much disappointed, because I have been listening to it for
	a long time.
6	Q Did you make a report to the board of directors
7	on that occasion?
8	A Yes, I did.
9	Q Did you relate to them the information we have
10	just gone through?
11	A Yes, I did. It was actually a joint report by
12	Peter and myself.
13	Q Was there any discussion at that board meeting,
14	Mr. Bloom, about the issuance of a press release?
15	A Yes, there was.
16	Q Was one drafted that night?
17	A Yes, it was.
18	Q Was there a press release issued first thing
19	Monday morning?
20	A I don't know if it was first thing Monday morning,
21	but there was a press release Monday morning.
22	MR. STRUM: May I have Exhibit 10, please?
23	THE COURT: This is Exhibit 10?
24	MR. STRUM: Yes, your Honor.
25	Q I show you Exhibit 10. Is this the press release
	che press lelease

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### Bloom-cross

that went out on Monday, February 25 (handing)?

- A Yes, it is.
- Q Mr. Bloom, with regard to the Burmah-Geon transaction, when did negotiations commence for the first time?
  - A At the meeting at the Regency Hotel.
  - O Which was when?
  - A December 17.
  - O December 17?
  - A 17 or 18.
- Q 17 or 18. You testified, I believe yesterday, that there was a handshake On December 18; is that correct?
  - A That's correct.
- Q You also testified yesterday that no press release was issued until December 20th, is that correct?
  - A That's correct.
- Q Can you explain the passage of time between the 18th and the 20th in terms of the handshake and the press release?
- A Well, the press relase had to be approved by the people at Burmah, U.K. and that took some period of time, the communication back and forth, until we were able to come up with a release form that was satisfactory to both parties.

1	ms74 Bloom-cross 162
2	Q Was the offer of price at all involved in that?
3	A I'm sorry, was the
4	Q The offer, the dollar offer that Burmah made,
5	did that have any bearing on the lapse of time?
6	A The \$36 million?
7	Q Yes.
8	A No.
9	Q Was the
10	A I don't think so. I don't think so. I don't
11	think there was any
12	THE COURT: You say you shook hands on the
13	\$36 million.
14	THE WITNESS: That's right. They had for
15	authorization at that point in time to close the deal as
16	far as I know.
17	Q At 36 million?
18	A That's correct.
19	Q When for the first time did any of the Burmah
20	operating people come to the Geon premises?
21	A That was some time in November, as I mentioned,
22	when Jeffrey Gilks and Hraham Roberts came out.
23	Q That was the first time any operating people

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That's correct.

from Burmah were at Geon?

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# Bloom-cross

2	Q When for the first time did any accounting
3	people from Burmah actually come to the premises of Geon?
4	A After that Thanksgiving weekend, that I'm
5	definite about.
6	Excuse me, Graham Roberts had been to our
7	location as a salesman, you know, probably two or three
8	times over the preceding couple of years, but that's all.
9	He was a salesman for Quinton Hazell.
10	MR. STRUM: If your Honor will bear with me
11	for one moment, I think I'm almost finished with my cross-
12	examination of Mr. Bloom.
13	THE COURT: Well, on that promise I will certainly
14	bear with you.
15	MR. STRUM: I have no further questions, your
16	Honor.
17	THE COURT: All right.
18	Do any of the other gentlemen at the second table
19	have any questions?
20	MR. GORDON: No, your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Are there any questions on redirect
22	examination?
23	MR. TIMMENY: A few, your Hopor.
24	THE COURT: All right.

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# REDIRECT EXAMINATION

#### BY MR. TIMMENY:

Q Mr. Bloom, you have just testified a press release went out on the morning of February 25. That is SEC Exhibit No. 10.

A That's the Monday morning, yes.

O Isn't it a fact that that press release was issued only after you had a meeting with the Amex on that Monday morning?

A That's correct.

Q At that meeting isn't it a fact that you were asked whether or not you understood why the Amex was calling on Friday morning?

A Whether I understood why the Amex was calling on Friday morning? Yes.

Q That's right.

A Yesi

Q Isn't it a fact that at that meeting you had actually stated a very encapsulized version of your conversation with Gromet and Mr. Gromet had interjected and said, wait a minute, Mr. Bloom, I want to tell you about that conversation?

A Perhaps I'm not --

Q Well, isn't it a fact, Mr. Bloom, that you, after

you gave a very encapsulized version of the conversation

Mr. Gromet said, wait a minute, wait a minute, Frank, he
said, I asked you very specific questions, I asked you
what the status of the deal was, I asked you what about
the company activity, the company problems, or any company
problems that might explain the unusual market activity?

A Yes, because when I was questioned about that conversation -- you're right -- I did give them an encapsulated version, and when Randy interjected other pieces of the conversation I expanded upon the conversation.

The reason for that is because I had worked my brains out through the weekend and I was in a very, very poor state Monday morning. Monday morning when I went down to the Amex I barely knew what was going on around me, to be very honest.

Q After that telephone call that you had from Mr. Gromet on Friday morning did you call your attorney, Mr. Friedman back and tell him that Mr. Gromet had said there was an imbalance of orders?

A Yes. I don't know if I called and spoke to Friedman or to Korman. I'm not sure.

What did you tell them?

MR. STRUM: Your Honor, I'm going to have to

1	ms78 Bloom-redirect 172
2	object to this line of questioning with regard to con-
3	versations between Mr. Bloom and
4	THE COURT: Yes, I think there is a point on
5	that.
6	Did you do anything after you had the conversa-
7	tion with either Friedman or Korman?
8	THE WITNESS: Did I do anything further with
9	THE COURT: Yes. As a result of the conversa-
10	tion.
11	THE WITNESS: Oh, no. Nothing at all, your
12	Honor.
13	THE COURT: All right.
14	I will sustain the objection.
15	BY MR. TIMMENY:
16	Q Returning now to this gross profit percentage
17	at the East Coast warehouse, you said ultimately it turned
18	out to be in excess of 39 per cent?
19	A That's correct.
20	Q When did you learn it was in excess of 39 per
21	cent?
22	A The final gross profit figure?
23	Q Yes.
24	A That would be in that would be finally
25	wrapped up around the, I would guess, the 10th of March,

and I'll locate the approximate time for you because on the 8th of March I told some of the -- on the 8th of March specifically some of the accounting people from Arthur Andersen discovered the cut-off error of about \$170,000 at the East Coast warehouse, and I told them, they were working very late that night, and I told them, why don't you fellows go out and buy yourselves a nice dinner, or something, because I was, you know, quite happy at that point in time that they found it.

THE COURT: Did that reduce the profit?

THE WITNESS: No, that increased it.

THE COURT: I was talking about the dinner.

THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor.

THE COURT: It did. All right.

A (Continuing) But that was March 8th specifically. We would be wrapped up on gross profit probably with in -- at the East Coast area at least within about two, three days of that time.

MR. TIMMENY: Just one second more, your Honor, if you will bear with me.

THE COURT: Surely.

MR. TIMMENY: I have no further questions, your Honor.

THE COURT: Are there any other questions?

ms80 Bloom-MR. STRUM: No, I have no further questions, your Honor. THE COURT: All right. I take it there are no further questions. Thank you, Mr. Bloom, you are excused. Neuwirth.

(Witness excused.

MR. DRAKE: Your Honor, at this time The Securities and Exchange Commission would call Mr. George

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GEORGE NEUWIRTH, called as a witness in behalf of the plaintiff, having been first duly sworn by the clerk of the Court, testified as follows:

THE COURT: You may proceed. By the way, which one of these SEC fellows are you?

MR. DRAKE: Michael Drake, your Honor.

THE COURT: Michael Drake. All right. Go ahead.

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

## BY MR. DRAKE:

- Q State your name, please, sir?
- A My name is George Neuwirth.
- Q What is your address, Mr. Neuwirth?
- A Beg your pardon?
- Q What is your address, please, sir?
- A My home address is 3 Hawthorne Lane, Great Neck, New York.
  - Q What is your occupation, Mr. Neuwirth?
  - A I am chairman of the board of Geon Industries.
  - Q Are you also the chief executive officer?
  - A I am also the chief executive officer.
- Q Could you just briefly describe, sir, in your own words what your functions are?
- A Basically, considering my age, I function as an elder statesman. I am being posted and consulted about all

	1 cameg Neuwirth-direct
	2 176
	major decisions and developments in the company. And I am
	kept posted about the day to day major occurrences.
	Q All right, sir. What percent of ownership of Geon's
5	outstanding shares do you have, sir, directly?
6	A I own a hundred and forty-two thousand shares.
7	THE COURT: What is that in relation to the company.
8	sir? How much of the outstanding stock?
9	THE WITNESS: Out of two million, it would be
10	7 and a half percent, about.
11	THE COURT: About that. More or less. All right.
12	Q Now, sir, pursuant to a voting trust do you have
13	voting control of approximately 28 percent of the outstanding
14	shares of Geon?
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16	A No. 28 percent of the outstanding shares of Geon, including my own shares. 28.
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18	Q 28, sir?
19	A Yes.
20	Q All right, sir. Now, the shares that you vote pur-
	suant to that trust, who are the record owners of those
21	shares?
22	A Well, they are owned by my son, Peter, by Otto
23	Hays
24	THE COURT: Otto Hays?
25	THE WITNESS: Otto Hays.

	1	camcg Neuwirth-direct 177
	2	A (Continuing) And Mike Pisciotta.
	3	THE COURT: Pei-x
	4	THE WITNESS: P-i-s-c-i-o-t-t-a.
ı	5	Q Are all these people relatives of yours, sir?
	6	A Michael is a, if I may say, an adopted relative,
	7	because he was fatherless and I knew him as a very young boy,
	8	and since then took care of him to the best of my ability.
	9	Otto Hays is the son of my deceased sister.
	10	Q To your knowledge, Mr. Neuwirth, when was Drexel-
	11	Burnham contacted, or, when did they contact Geon concerning
	12	any possible acquisition of Geon by Burmah?
	13	A It wasn't Burmah who contacted us.
	14	THE COURT: He is asking you about Drexel-Burnham.
	15	A Yes, they originally, in California, I believe, in
	16	San Francisco, they contacted my son Peter.
	17	THE COURT: Do you remember about when that was,
	18	sir?
	19	THE WITNESS: I would say July:
	20	THE COURT: Of 1973?
	21	THE WITNESS: '73.
	22	Q Was it early July, sir, around the first or second
	23	of July?
	24	A Mr. Drake, I came back from vacation, I would say,
	OF	

around the 1st -- 4th of July.

_	1	camcg Neuwirth-direct 179
	2	offer it in evidence first.
	3	THE COURT: Do you have any objection to receiving
	4	it?
	5	MR. STRUM: No, I have no objection.
	6	THE COURT: All right, it will be received in
	7	evidence.
xxx	8	(SEC Exhibit number 11 received in evidence.)
	9	THE COURT: Now, what is the question about that?
	10	It refers to Burmah Oil and somebody else?
	11	MR. DRAKE: And Castrol, Inc.
	12	Q Is that correct, sir?
	13	A I think this is a misnomer.
	14	THE COURT: What is?
	15	THE WITNESS: Castrol.
	16	THE COURT: How do you spell it?
	17	THE WITNESS: Like Castor Oil. It's a composition
	18	THE COURT: I don't know, it's
	19	THE WITNESS: C-a-s-t-r-o-1. Castrol.
	20	THE COURT: Castrol.
	21	THE WITNESS: C-a-s-t-r-o-1.
	22	THE COURT: Yes, I see, and you think that is a
	23	misnomer?
	24	THE WITNESS: I believe that the man who wrote this
	25	letter, Mr. Lederman, somehow confused Castrol at the time.

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## BY MR. DRAKE:

- Q Are they related to Burmah in any way?
- A Yes, they are a subsidiary.

THE COURT: I see, Castrol is a subsidiary of -THE WITNESS: Of Burmah, yes.

Q Mr. Neuwirth, this document here indicates that Drexel-Burnham -- let me just read the pertinent portion, your Honor.

It says "Drexel-Burnham and Co., Incorporated and persons employed by or associated with it, have provided and will continue to provide services in connection with Castrol Oils Inc., or any company or entity affiliated with it or its parent, Burmah Oil Company Limited."

Now, did this mean to you, sir, that Drexel-Burnham had already done some preliminary work concerning Geon, and possible arrangements or a deal with Burmah or Castrol Oil. Inc.?

MR. STRUM: I object to the question.

THE COURT: I don't understand. Did that mean anything to you?

THE WITNESS: No.

THE COURT: All right. It doesn't mean anything to me, either. Go ahead with your next question.

Q Do you know why this letter was sent to Mr. Peter

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A That was with Drexel-Burnham.

a discussion with someone from Burmah?

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THE COURT: No, I think his question was, Mr. Neuwirth, when for the first time didyou have a discussion with anybody

BY MR. DRAKE:

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When did you meet Mr. Roberts, sir? Q

THE COURT: Wouldn't that diary refresh your recollection as to the date you met this fellow from Burmah Oil?

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THE WITNESS: I didn't keep a very precise diary.

Mr. Drake and my counsel asked me yesterday for the diaries.

I didn't ever believe that they will be turned over to you.

If there are erasures, it has absolutely nothing to do with you or the SEC.

THE COURT: He didn't ask you --

THE WITNESS: I didn't know they would wind up in your hands. I didn't have the vaguest idea.

THE COURT: Well, let's not worry about that, Mr.

Neuwirth. The question is would looking at that diary help

refresh your --

THE WITNESS: It might.

THE COURT: Well, take a look at it and see if it refreshes your recollection as to when you first saw somebody from the Burmah Oil Company at the offices of Drexel-Burnham, if that's the name. Take your time, Mr. Neuwirth.

THE WITNESS: Yes, it does. I have something here.

THE COURT: All right. That refreshes your recollection. Did you indicate the date, sir?

THE WITNESS: It says --

THE COURT: Don'ttell us what it says.

THE WITNESS: It says simply the word "Burmah" 10 o'clock, July 9.

THE COURT: That is what he wants to know.

What was discussed at this meeting, sir?

Nothing.

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was platitudes.

THE COURT: Who did? Geon, or --

THE WITNESS: No. I would say Burmah.

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THE COURT: I guess he does. He says he didn't.

FOLEY SQUARE, NEW YORK, N.Y. CO 7-4580

MR. DRAKE: Well, I am just trying to find out that

SOUTHERN DISTRICT COURT REPORTERS, U.S. COURTHOUSE

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specific point.

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to the Harvard Club?

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THE WITNESS: Yes, I certainly do remember.

THE COURT: Mr. Bloom said that was about the third week in August. Would you go along with that?

THE WITNESS: That escapes me, the date, but I remember the meeting at the Harvard Club.

THE COURT: All right.

- Did you ever instruct Mr. Bloom to prepare a five year projection to give to Burmah, or did you agree with --
  - A So early?
  - Yes. 0
  - I doubt it. A
- Q Do you know if in fact he did give them five year projections at that --
- We did give them five year projections, but whether that has occurred at this particular time I cannot recall.
- Did you hear Mr. Bloom testify to that respect Q yesterday, sir?
  - Well, I have --

MR. STRUM: I object to that question, your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, no, all I am trying to do is see if I can find out the facts. As I recall Mr. Bloom's testimony there was talk about these five year projections in the third week in August at their meeting at the Harvard Club which was about late August or early September.

projections were given to anybody at that meeting.

	1	camcg Neuwirth-direct 193
	2	THE COURT: You are not entirely sure.
	3	THE WITNESS: To the best of my ability to recollect.
	4	THE COURT: All right.
	5	MR. DRAKE: Would you mark this, please.
	6	THE COURT: I don't know what it is. Is there
	7	any objection to it being received?
	8	MR. STRUM: I have no objection to that, your Honor.
	9	THE COURT: All right, we will receive it in evidence
	10	and save time.
xxx	11	(SEC Exhibit 13 received in evidence.)
26	12	BY MR. DRAKE:
	13	Q Mr. Neuwirth, let me show you, sir, SEC Exhibit 13
	14	in evidence, which is on the Geon letterhead, dated August
	15	13, 1973 to C. Campbell Anderson from Frank Bloom (handing).
	16	A I remember quite a few I didn't see this letter,
	17	by the way.
	18	Q Did you know that Mr. Bloom was sending out a letter
	19	like that?
	20	A Yes, yes.
	21	Q You knew that, sir?
	. 22	A Yes.
	23	Q That is on August 13; is that correct, sir?
	24	A Yes, it is.
	25	Q All right, sir.

A I am very sorry, but I --

Q All right. Now, Mr. Neuwirth, this letter indicates that Geon's furnishing Burmah with some 13 different items of information; is that correct, sir?

A Yes.

MR. STRUM: Your Honor, the letter says what it says.

THE COURT: All right, he answered that.

- Q And it does include, does it not, Mr. Neuwirth, a five year projection?
  - A That's the first item I think.

    THE COURT: Right, he saw that.
  - A It's the very first item.
- Q Concerning the meeting, does that letter refresh your memory, sir, as to whether or not they had the five year projections at the third meeting in the third week of August?

THE COURT: I don't think that's what Mr. Neuwirth said. said he wasn't pure whether the five year project were sent out before the meeting or not, that's what he said before. But you can ask the question, did they discuss these five year projections at the Harvard Club.

THE WITNESS: They did not discuss them. They merely requested them.

THE COURT: You don't really recall?

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THE WITNEJS: I don't recall. They may have requested them.

THE COURT: They might have had them ahead of time, too, mightn't they? This letter is dated August 13.

THE WITNESS: When was the meeting.

THE COURT: The best we can make out is late August or early September.

THE WITNESS: Then I would say they must have had it.

THE COURT: But you have no recollection?

THE WITNESS: Naturally.

THE COURT: All right.

## BY MR. DRAKE:

Q At the conclusion of the meeting the third week of August was another meeting planned, sir?

THE COURT: Is this after the Harvard Club?

MR. DRAKE: Yes, sir.

- A There was a meeting at the Athletic Club, 59th Street.
- Q When was this meeting, sir?
- A Do I have it?
- Q When was that meeting planned, sir?
- A I simply received an invitation somebody said are you available on that day, and I said, yes, and it was a dinner, yes. I remaker it well.

THE WITNESS: You won't believe it. "Banker."

1	camcg Neuwirth-direct 197
2	THE COURT: Banker? They called you Banker?
3	THE WITNESS: Yes.
4	THE COURT: Well, you must have been quite flattered.
5	THE WITNESS: I was flattered.
6	THE COURT: All right. Well, he is asking you
7	about this meeting at the New York Athletic Club.
8	THE WITNESS: We were introduced there to a financial
9	vice president nq, a financial man by the name of Keane,
10	Mr. Keane. I think ' met him there for the first time,
11	to the best, again, of my recollection.
12	BY MR. DRAKE:
13	Q Let's back up, sir.
14	When was the meeting at the New York Athletic Club?
15	A Do I have it in here to make my work easier?
16	THE COURT: They don't know. But it would be after
17	August 13, wouldn't it?
18	Q Do you have any knowledge, sir? You don't recall?
19	A The date I'm not sure of, no. But I remember the
20	fact.
21	Q Was it sometime in September?
22	A Mr. Drake, I would say something, but I really
23	don't know.
24	THE COURT: You don't remember.

THE WITNESS: I don't remember the date. I remember

doing that to see whether that refreshes Mr. Neuwirth's

1	camcg Neuwirth-direct 201
2	Q (Continuing) That says Burmah?
3	A Wall Street. Obviously it was cancelled.
4	Q It says "Wall Street,"
5	A Oh, no, I know the answer.
6	Q All right, sir.
7	A Wall Street. I think it says "Analyst" or something
8	We had a custom to invite four or rive analysts, Wall Street
9	analysts from brokerage houses to a lunch. It usually was
10	in the city here at Laurent, and the minute I see Wall Street
11	I mean analyst.
12	THE COURT: That indicates that you
13	THE WITNESS: That was cancelled for some reason or
14	another.
15	Q Is that the reason why it was erased, because it was
16	cancelled?
17	A It was erased because the meeting hasn't taken
18	place.
19	Q Well, who made the
20	A Because for some reason somebody couldn't make it,
21	or I couldn't make it. It was postponed.
22	THE COURT: How often do you have these meetings with
23	the analysts?
24	THE WITNESS: I have altogether, I believe, not more
25	than three or four meetings of analysts of very well known

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told them that I am very familiar with the philosophy of the

company, but when it comes to numbers and information of that

THE WITNESS: I never had a prepared speech. And I

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All right, so my questin was, I think the question there was, so you say there was a deluge of phone calls, and 3 your answer was, we have one common switchboard for Geon International and Geon Intercontinental. These are the two major companies. We have one common switchboard and the telephone was coming in like crazy. I really don't think that I have had the telephone calls, because for months now, for a year I haven't bothered talking to analysts, mostly analysts who used to call us, because I am not really, I don't really, I'm not really a financer, I am not too well versed in matters of finance, I have never been and I believe Frank Bloom can much better answer analysts' questions than I can.

Consequently, over the last year or year and a half all these calls which were addressed to me were usually shuttled over to Frank's room.

That's correct.

All right, sir. But you did have an analysts' meeting scheduled for October 10, 1973; is that correct, sir?

MR. STRUM: Well, your Honor, I would --

THE COURT: I think there is nothing inconsistent with all this. The witness says he does, Loeb Rhoades got him to have these meetings with the analysts, and as I gather the testimony you tell them about the philosophy of the

Honor, that is what I am trying to get to.

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MR. DRAKE: I think we want to go into that, your

Let's back up, Mr. Neuwirth, and let me ask you,

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THE COURT: All right.

BY MR. DRAKE:

My question was, you don't recall any procedures,

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It is Coenen and Company.

properly. C-o-e-n-e-n.

THE COURT: All right.

A What's a procedure?

Geon procedures?

THE COURT: He is asking you whether Geon had any procedures as a company for talking to analysts?

MR. DRAKE: And brokers?

THE COURT: And brokers, people who were interested in the stock.

MR. DRAKE: Yes.

A In the beginning there were very few people with whom I had a personal contact. They would talk to me. But the minute it came to figures I told them, you know that I don't know the figures, and we always transferred these calls to Frank Bloom who just knew exactly what to tell them and what not to tell them.

- Q Do you know Mark Boyer?
- A I know Mark Boyer.
- Q Who is Mark Boyer?
- A Mark Boyer is an analyst from Coenen and Company.

THE COURT: From whom?

MR. STRUM: I might help on that, your Honor.

THE WITNESS: I don't know how to pronounce it

1	camcg	Ne	euwirth-dire	ect			208
2	A	Yes, I know h	nim.				
3	Q	And you had a	meeting	·· him	back i	n July	of 1973;
4	is that	correct, sir?					•
5	A	Can you get n	ne the date?	,			
6	Q	About July 2	7?				
7	A	All right, s	ir, but you	will se	e here		
8		THE COURT:	No, the ques	sti <b>c</b> nis	don	't tell	us all
9	that. I	o you remember	having a	meeting	with -	-	
10		THE WITNESS:	No, I did	n't. He	just	told me	he will
11	be at th	ne other compan	ny in the of	ther bui	lding.		
12	Q	Did he come l	by and see	you?			
13	A	I don't remen	mber, but th	ne meeti	ng was	n't rea	lly with
14	me. The	meeting was	with Interco	ontinent	al.		
15		THE COURT:	All right.				
16	Q	All right, s	ir. I don'	t mean t	o be u	nduly r	epeti-
17	tive, I	just want to	oe sure we	have got	it cl	ear.	
18		To your know	ledge there	were no	set p	rocedur	es for
19	Geon to	handle the di	scussions w	ith anal	ysts a	nd brok	ers
20	A	Yes, we had	a procedure	personi	fied b	y Mr. F	rank
21	Bloom as	nd					
22		THE COURT: W	ell wait a	minute.	You h	ave sai	d the
23	procedu	re, as I under	stand it, w	as if th	ese fe	llows w	ere
24	calling	you they woul	d be prompt	ly trans	ferred	to Blo	om.
25		THE WITNESS:	I would s	ay, hell	lo, hel	10.	

THE COURT: I know, but that's not hardly a procedure.

I think the question he is asking you is whether Geon asked the company totally apart from your own procedure did Geon as a company have any internal procedures for handling calls from brokers and analysts who were trying to find information about the company? Totally apart from you and Mr. Bloom.

Were there any other procedures that the company had.

THE WITNESS: If the company had any I don't know about them.

THE COURT: You don't know about them. Well, that is the answer then, he doesn't know about them. You have got that. All right.

MR. DRAKE: All right, sir.

Q Mr. Neuwirth, when did you make plans for this trip to go to England, sir?

A Mr. Drake, I usually go every year around October 1, or about. Last year, in '73, for reasons, perhaps the reason being Max, I went October 15 last year. October 15.

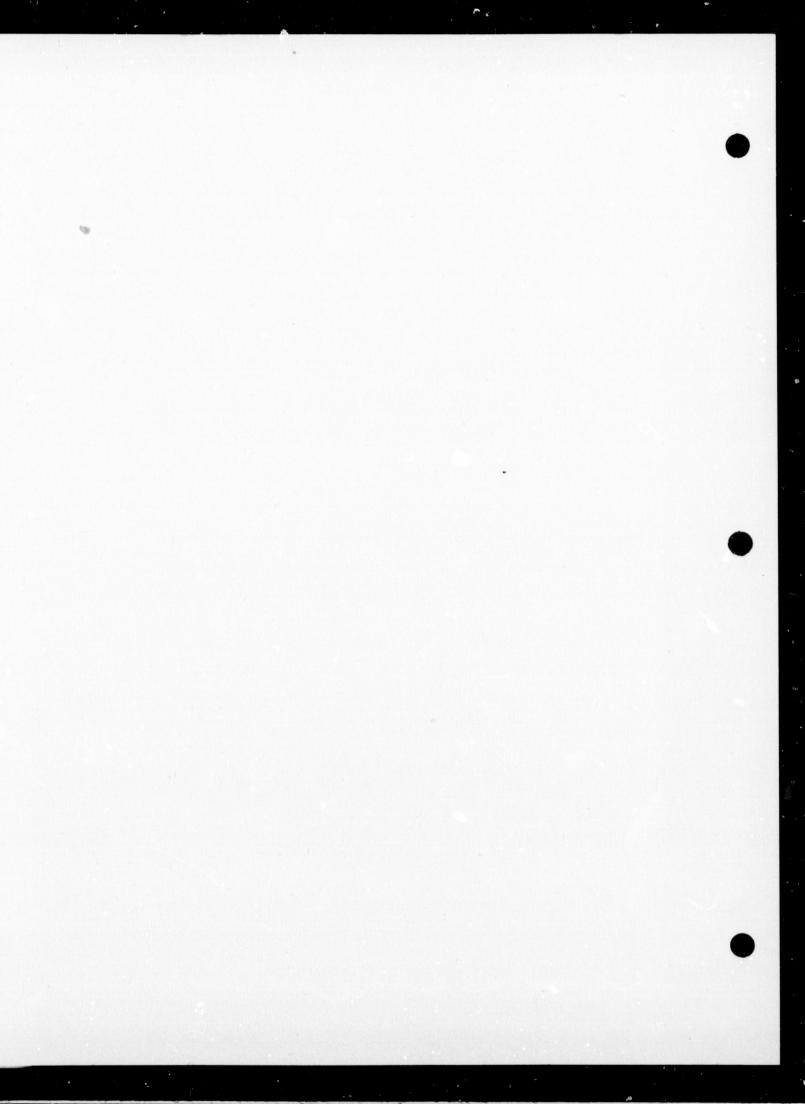
I know this date.

Q How long prior to October 15 did you know you were going sir?

A I knew it, I planned my trips. It's automatic.

It's for the auto show. I know the auto show --





ever own any stock in Geon?

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THE WITNESS: Yes, he did. Minimal.

THE COURT: What?

THE WITNESS: He did have stock. A few hundred shares.

THE COURT: Did you say something about minimal?

THE WITNESS: Yes, I believe he is not a market man.

THE COURT: Allright. You say he owned a few hundred shares, you think.

THE WITNESS: Perhaps more.

THE COURT: Perhaps more.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

THE COURT: All right.

- Q Mr. Neuwirth, Geon went public in 1969; is that correct?
  - A Geon went public in 1969.
  - Q Was Mr. Alpert on your list of friends to --
  - A Yes, he was.
  - Q Do you know if he bought stock then?
  - A I don't know, Mr. Drake.
  - Q You did not know if he owned stock?

THE COURT: No, I don't know, you are mixing us up here. He said he didn't know whether he bought stock at the public offering. His previous testimony was that he knew that he owned a few hundred shares, perhaps more. You don't

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24 25 know whether he bought any at the public offering.

THE WILNESS: He did have some stock, yes.

Q Mr. Neuwirth, just again to put it in context, I call attention to your testimony, this is before the Securities and Exchange Commission, this is page 47, Mr. Strum, line 4, "Q Now, did you know whether or not prior to your having dinner with Mr. Alpert, whether or not he was a shareholder of Geon?

"A Yes. I knew he was a shareholder. He was on my -when we went public there was such a list of friends of the company and he was on that list."

A Yes.

So in October of 1973, my question is, did you know Roy Alpert was a shareholder of Geon?

He was.

All right, sir. Q

Are you also a business associate of Mr. Alpert?

I am.

Were you a business associate of Mr. Alpert in October of 1973?

A I was.

Were you a business associate of Mr. Alpert in February of 1974?

Yes. I am now, yes.

1	camcg Neuwirth-direct 213
2	Q And even this day; is that right, sir?
3	A Yes.
4	Q Is Mr. Alpert a frequent dinner companion of yours?
5	A Yes, he is.
6	Q How many times
7	A I would like to qualify that business associate.
8	I have absolutely
9	Q Yes, sir, please do.
10	A We have an investment like I believe six, 7, 8
11	people in one building in Great Neck, and my total investment
12	in this was \$18,000 four or five years ago, and this is the
13	only business relationship I have had with Mr. Alpert.
14	THE COURT: All right. You are investing in a
15	building. Where did you say? In Great Neck?
16	THE WITNESS: Great Neck. In Lake Success, to be
17	precise.
18	THE COURT: All right.
19	Q How much does Mr. Alpert have invested in that?
20	A He invested the same amount.
21	MR. STRUM: I object. I don't see any relevance.
22	THE COURT: No, I know, but he has answered it any-
23	way.
24	THE WITNESS: There is no other business connection

whatsoever.

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camcq

out in Great Neck?

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THE WITNESS: No, we go out. We go out. His maid's day out is Wednesday, so we picked Wednesday for meeting for years now.

> THE COURT: So you usually have dinner on Wednesday? THE WITNESS: On Wednesdays out on the Island.

MR. DRAKE: We consider it important that they did have dinner usually on a Wednesday.

THE COURT: All right.

Did you have dinner with him early in October of 1973, sir? Prior to your trip to London.

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A Without looking at my diary, I would say yes.

Q Did you discuss with him at any time prior to your trip to London the meetings and discussions that you had with Burmah?

A No, sir.

Q You say that as if you are quite sure of it.

MR. STRUM: I don't perceive a pending question,
your Honor.

THE COURT: Yes, that's right. He says, no, I didn't discuss Burmah with Mr. Alpert at dinner in October of 1973.

THE WITNESS: Right. Right. I would have said Max, anyway.

- Q Did you discuss business of Geon, sir?
- A No. Mr. Drake. No.
- Q Did you discuss with Mr. Alpert that Geon may possibly be acquired by someone?
  - A Geon may possibly --
  - Q Be acquired by --

THE COURT: Somebody wanted to buy Geon.

A Well, it was not at a dinner, it was at the club at the bar. I am not a drinker, but I propably had a 7-Up or something, and I said, I am going to London, why are you going to London, I am going for the auto show, and perhaps looking at some people in view of a merger. Later it occurred

to me --

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THE COURT: Wait a minute. Let's get that. That is what you mentioned to Mr. Alpert at the bar at the club?

THE WITNESS: Yes. Not Mr. Alpert alone, a group.

THE COURT: A group of people. All right.

Q Were you talking to Mr. Alpert.

THE COURT: Mr. Alpert was in the group?
THE WITNESS: In the group.

THE COURT: And you were announcing your plans to go to London and maybe talk about a merger; isthat right?

THE WITNESS: I am going to look at some people regarding a possible merger. Some people, your Honor, interpreted that we are going to acquire somebody in England.

THE COURT: Well, that is possible. They might have interpreted it any way.

THE WITNESS: That's right.

Q Who else was there besides Mr. Alpert?

A I couldn't pinpoint them. But there is a group of people like in every club you have 5, 6 people, you have lunch, or you have drinks, and there is a general conversation. Chit-chat. It certainly was not my intention to divulge to these people now I am going to negotiate, or look over and have conversations with Burmah.

THE COURT: What club was this, sir?

THE WITNESS: Fresh Meadows Country Club.

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THE COURT: Where is that?

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THE WITNESS: In Great Neck.

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THE COURT: All right.

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BY MR. DRAKE:

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Q Do you remember when this conversation was, Mr. Neuwirth, the specific date?

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World War II. I earned my living in our line of business

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travel was not an unusual occurrence among the people who

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know me.

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and the other gentlemen? 16

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A No. Mr. Drake, I traveled for 30 -- since before

by traveling. Mainly Europe, Africa, and South America. I traveled thousands and thousands of hours and for me to

O Do you recall specifically what you told Mr. Alpert

THE COURT: Well, I think he has indicated that. He has indicated he said to them that he was going to London and he was going to talk to some people, something in relation to a merger.

THE WITNESS: A possible merger.

THE COURT: Did you say anything else to them?

THE WITNESS: No.

Did you mention perhaps the word acquisition also?

An acquisition? A

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Q Yes.

THE COURT: Did you say you were looking for an acquisition?

THE WITNESS: Look, my English is not that of a professor of English at Oxford University.

THE COURT: Neither is that of any of these people. You were doing all right.

THE WITNESS: The precision of my English is occasionally a little hazy. I didn't try to induce people to buy stock, if that is what you are --

THE COURT: No, that isn't the question. He is just trying to find out whether you said anything else to these gentlemen around the bar.

THE WITNESS: No, they were not even interested.

THE COURT: Well, I don't care what they were interested in.

THE WITNESS: No, I didn't.

THE COURT: Just all you said was London, possible merger; is that right?

THE WITNESS: Possible merger, yes.

THE COURT: Nothing else.

THE WITNESS: That's exactly it, yes.

THE COURT: Nothing else. I think with that note we will adjourn for the day and meet again at 10 o'clock

218A

tomorrow morning.

camcg

(Time noted: 4:30 P. M.)
(Adjourned to June 19, 1974)

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